

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + P(x)y = Q(x)$$

$$\cos x \frac{dy}{dx} + y \sin x = \sin 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} y = \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos x}$$

integrating factor $I = e^{\int P(x) dx}$

$$I = e^{\int \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} dx}$$

$$I = e^{-\int \frac{-\sin x}{\cos x} dx}$$

$$I = e^{-\ln|\cos x|}$$

$$I = e^{\ln|\frac{1}{\cos x}|}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

We multiply the differential equation through by $\frac{1}{\cos x}$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{\cos x} \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} y = \frac{1}{\cos x} \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x} \cdot y = \frac{2 \sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x} \cdot y = \frac{2 \sin x}{\cos x}$$

Product Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx}(u \cdot v) = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot y \right) = \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x} \cdot y + \frac{1}{\cos x} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot y \right) = \frac{2 \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\int \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot y \right) dx = \int \frac{2 \sin x}{\cos x} dx$$

$$\frac{y}{\cos x} = -2 \int \frac{-\sin x}{\cos x} dx$$

$$y = -2 \cos x \ln|\cos x| + C \cos x$$

$$y(0) = 2$$

$$2 = -2\cos 0 \ln|\cos 0| + C\cos 0$$

$$2 = -2 \cdot 1 \ln 1 + C \cdot 1$$

$$2 = 0 + C$$

$$C = 2$$

$$y = -2\cos x \ln|\cos x| + 2\cos x$$