

Exam-style Question – Area between Graphs

a) $f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x-1}{x}\right), x > 1$

Using log laws, we can make this function much easier to differentiate:

$$f(x) = \ln(x-1) - \ln(x)$$

Differentiating with respect to x

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x}$$

Simplifying:

$$f'(x) = \frac{x}{x(x-1)} - \frac{x-1}{x(x-1)}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x-x+1}{x(x-1)}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x(x-1)}$$

- b) In this part, we are calculating the area bounded by $g(x) = \frac{1}{x(x-1)}$, the x axis, $x=2$ and $x=e$

$$\text{Area} = \int_2^e \frac{1}{x(x-1)} dx$$

Notice that integral is the answer we found in part a)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \int_2^e \frac{1}{x(x-1)} dx \\ &= \left[\ln\left(\frac{x-1}{x}\right) \right]_2^e \\ &= \left[\ln\left(\frac{e-1}{e}\right) \right] - \left[\ln\left(\frac{2-1}{2}\right) \right] \\ &= \left[\ln\left(\frac{e-1}{e}\right) \right] - \left[\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right] \\ &= \left[\ln\left(\frac{e-1}{e}\right) \right] + \ln 2 \\ &= \ln 2 \left(\frac{e-1}{e} \right) \\ &= \ln\left(\frac{2e-2}{e}\right) \end{aligned}$$

