

# 10.1 Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry Question Paper

Course	DP IB Chemistry
Section	10. Organic Chemistry
Topic	10.1 Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry
Difficulty	Easy

Time allowed: 40

Score: /31

Percentage: /100



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# Question la

a)

Define the term hydrocarbon.

[1 mark]

# Question 1b

b)

 $State\,the\,general\,formula\,for\,the\,following\,hydrocarbon\,families.$ 

Alkanes .....

Alkenes ......

[2 marks]

# Question 1c

c)

State the IUPAC name of the following hydrocarbon.

[1 mark]

#### Question 1d

d)

A student stated that as the number of carbon atoms increases in an alkane, the boiling point increases. State if the student is correct and justify your answer.

[3 marks]

$\label{eq:Question2a} \textbf{Question2a}$ a) $Propanal\ and\ propanone\ have\ the\ same\ molecular\ formula,\ C_3H_6O,\ but\ have\ different\ structures.\ Draw\ the\ displayed\ structures\ of\ propanal\ and\ propanone.$ $ \textbf{[2 mark]}$	s]
Question 2b b) State the type of isomerism that is exhibited by propanal and propanone.  [1 mark	k]
Question 2c c) Butanone can be reduced to a secondary alcohol by LiAlH <sub>4</sub> . State the name of this alcohol.  [1 mark	k]
Question 2d d) State the general formula of an alcohol.  [1 mark	k]

Question 3a

Name the three possible isomers of  $C_5H_{12}$ .

a)



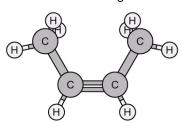
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[3 marks]

# Question 3b

b)

Using IUPAC rules state the name of the molecule shown in the image below.



[1 mark]

# Question 3c

C

Draw the sterochemical drawing of methane.

[1 mark]

# Question 4a

a)

State whether the following amines can be classed either primary, secondary or tertiary.

Ethylamine .....

2-aminopropane ......

[2 marks]



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Question 4b	
2-chloro-2-methylbutane is classed as a tertiary halogenoalkane.	
i) Draw the structure of 2-chloro-2-methylbutane.	
ii) Explain why this is classed as a tertiary haloalkane	
	[2 marks]
Question 4c	
c) The formulae of four organic compounds are given below. State the IUPAC names of the compounds.	
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CHO	
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOH	
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH	
	[3 marks]
Question 4d	
d) State the two compounds from part (c) that will react to form an ester in the presence of concentrated sulfuric acid	
	[1 mark]



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a)

State the formula for benzene and draw the displayed structure.

[2 marks]

#### Question 5b

b)

State the bond angle in the planar regular hexagon structure of benzene.

[1 mark]

#### Question 5c

c)

Cyclohexene is an unsaturated hydrocarbon and can undergo hydrogenation as shown below.

$$+ H_2 \longrightarrow \Delta H^{\circ} = -120 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

When benzene undergoes the same reaction with three hydrogen molecules the expected enthalpy change of the reaction is lower than expected.

State the expected value of the hydrogenation of benzene.

[1 mark]

#### Question 5d

d)

Explain why the enthalpy value for the hydrogenation of benzene is lower than expected.

[2 marks]



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