

### 2.1 Atomic & Electronic Structure

### **Question Paper**

Difficulty	Easy
Торіс	2.1 Atomic & Electronic Structure
Section	2. Atomic Structure
Course	DP IB Chemistry

Time allowed:	20
Score:	/10
Percentage:	/100

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Question 1

The reaction shown occurs in gas clouds throughout the Universe.

 $H_2(g) + H_2^{\phantom{2}+}(g) \rightarrow H(g) + H_3^{\phantom{3}+}(g)$ 

Which is the correct atomic structure of the  $H_{3}^{+}$  ion?

	protons	neutrons	electrons
Α	3	0	1
В	3	0	2
С	2	1	1
D	2	1	2
	5		

[1 mark]

#### Question 2

Which row is correct regarding atomic structure?

			The mass number is the number of
Α	atoms	protons	protons
в	electrons	neutrons	nucleons
С	electrons	neutrons	protons
D	protons	protons	nucleons

[1 mark]

#### Question 3

The phosphide ion,  ${}^{32}_{15}$  P<sup>3-</sup>, is used in medicine as a radiotherapy treatment for some forms of cancer.

What is the composition of the phosphide ion?

	protons	neutrons	electrons
Α	15	17	32
в	15	17	18
С	17	15	15
D	17	15	32

[1mark]

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#### **Question 4**

Which option correctly describes the relative charges and masses of the subatomic particles?

	proton	neutron	electron	the relative mass of an electron
Α	+1	0	-1	1
в	0	+1	+1	$\frac{1}{1840}$
с	+1	0	-1	$\frac{1}{1840}$
D	0	+1	-1	1

[1 mark]

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#### **Question 5**

Which row correctly describes the characteristics of the nucleus and surrounding space?

	nucleus	surrounding space
Α	small, dense and neutral	mainly empty space
в	large, dense and positive	densely populated with electrons
с	large, dense and neutral	densely populated with electrons
D	small, dense and positive	mainly empty space

[1 mark]

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#### Question 6

A periodic table is need for this question

X is a particle with 19 electrons and 20 neutrons.

Three species are shown below:

1 <sup>40</sup>Ca<sup>+</sup>

- 2 <sup>39</sup>K⁺
- 3 <sup>38</sup>Ar

Which of the three species could particle X be?

A 1 only B 1 and 2 C 2 and 3 D 1, 2 and 3

[1mark]

#### Question 7

The elements of the periodic table have different isotopes.

What is different about the nuclei of stable isotopes?

- A the same number of protons, but different number of neutrons
- B the same number of protons, and the same number of neutrons
- **C** a different number of protons, and a different number of neutrons
- **D** a different number of protons, and the same number of neutrons



[1mark]

#### Question 8

Iron has many different naturally occurring isotopes.

Isotope	% Abundance	Isotopic mass
<sup>54</sup> Fe	5.845	53.9396
<sup>56</sup> Fe	91.754	55.9349
<sup>57</sup> Fe	2.119	56.9354
<sup>58</sup> Fe	0.282	57.9333

Using the information given, what is the average atomic mass of iron?

- A 56.1858 amu
- **B** 54.200 amu
- **C** 59.270 amu
- **D** 55.845 amu

[1 mark]

#### Question 9

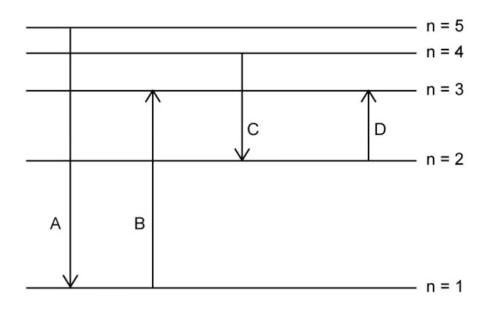
Using the Aufbau Principle and Hund's rule, deduce which element below has the greatest number of unpaired electrons in its ground state.

Α	Z = 13
в	Z = 14
С	Z = 15
D	Z = 16

[1 mark]

#### Question 10

Which electron transition would emit radiation of the longest wavelength?



[1 mark]