

2.4 Momentum & Impulse Question Paper

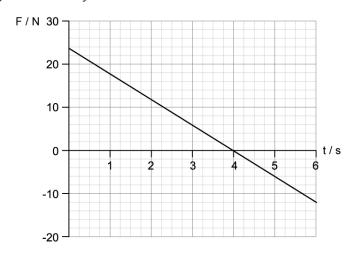
| Course | DP IB Physics |
|------------|------------------------|
| Section | 2. Mechanics |
| Topic | 2.4 Momentum & Impulse |
| Difficulty | Medium |

Time allowed: 20

Score: /10

Percentage: /100

A force acts on a mass of 5.0 kg and it is initially at rest.



What is the time taken for the mass to reach an acceleration of $2 \, \text{m s}^{-2}$?

- A. 2.50 s
- B. 2.20 s
- C. 2.25 s
- D. 2.00 s



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Question 2

A body of mass 3M at rest explodes into two pieces of mass 2M and M.

What is the ratio
$$\frac{\textit{kinetic energy of } 2M}{\textit{kinetic energy of } M}$$
 and $\frac{\textit{momentum of } 2M}{\textit{momentum of } M}$?

| | kinetic energy of 2M kinetic energy of M | momentum of 2M momentum of M |
|----|---|------------------------------|
| Α. | $\frac{1}{2}$ | -1 |
| В. | 1 | -1 |
| C. | $\frac{1}{4}$ | 2 |
| D. | $\frac{1}{2}$ | -2 |

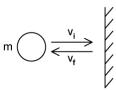
[1 mark]

Question 3

Which of the following is an elastic collision?

- A. A ball dropped from a height and bouncing up to a lower height
- B. Two railway trucks colliding and they link together
- C. Two gas molecules collide and a bond is formed between them
- $\hbox{D. Two gas molecules collide and then travel perpendicular to each other}\\$

A ball of mass m travels horizontally and strikes a vertical wall with a speed of v_i ms⁻¹. It then rebounds horizontally at speed v_f ms⁻¹. The ball is in contact with the wall for time Δt .



What is if the ball rebounds after an impulse of magnitude 1?

$$\mathbf{A.} \qquad \mathbf{V_{final}} = \frac{1 + \mathbf{V_{initial}}}{m}$$

B.
$$V_{final} = \frac{1 + mV_{initial}}{m}$$

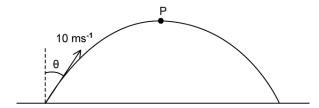
$$C. \qquad V_{final} = \frac{1 - mV_{initial}}{m}$$

D.
$$v_{final} = \frac{1 - v_{initial}}{m}$$

[1 mark]

Question 5

A stone of mass 0.5 kg is thrown with an initial speed of 10 m s⁻¹ at an angle θ to the vertical. P is the highest point of the motion and air resistance is negligible.



What is the momentum of the stone at P?

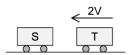
- A. $5 \sin \theta$
- B. 5
- $C.5\cos\theta$
- D. 0



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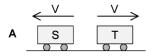
Question 6

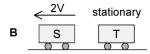
A truck T moving horizontally collides with an identical truck S that is at rest.

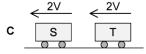


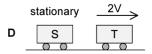
T strikes S with speed 2v.

What is a possible outcome of the collision?





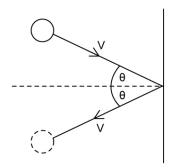




[1 mark]

Question 7

A ball of mass m strikes a vertical wall with a speed v at an angle of θ to the wall. The ball rebounds at the same speed and angle in time t. What is the magnitude of the impulse on the wall?



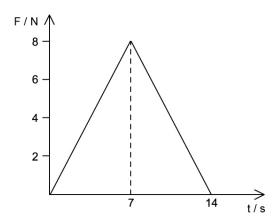
A. zero

B.2mv

C. $2mv \sin \theta$

D. $2mv\cos\theta$

A ball of mass $4.0 \, \text{kg}$, initially at rest, is acted on by a force F which varies with t.



What is the velocity of the ball after 14 s?

- $A.7 \, \text{m s}^{-1}$
- $B.56 \, m \, s^{-1}$
- $C.14 \, m \, s^{-1}$
- $D.28 \, m \, s^{-1}$

[1 mark]

Question 9

Which of the following is true for momentum and impulse?

- A. Momentum is conserved in an inelastic collision
- B. Impulse is the momentum
- C. The direction in which an object is travelling in doesn't affect its impulse
- D. A heavier object always experiences a greater impulse than a lighter one

Two balls m and 2m collide elastically with speeds v and 2v respectively. After the collision, they both move in opposite directions.









What speed does the 2m ball move with after the collision?

A.
$$\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$$
 v

B.
$$\frac{5}{2}$$
 v

$$c.\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}v$$

$$D.\frac{1}{2}v$$