

5.1 Differentiation

Question Paper

Course	DPIB Maths
Section	5. Calculus
Topic	5.1 Differentiation
Difficulty	Hard

Time allowed: 100
Score: /82
Percentage: /100

Question 1a

The equation of a curve is $y = x - \frac{9}{x} + 8$ for $x > 0$.

(a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

[2 marks]

Question 1b

The gradient of the tangent to the curve at point A is 2.

(b) Find the coordinates of point A.

[3 marks]

Question 1c

(c) Find the equation of the normal to the curve at point A. Give your answer in the form $ax + by + d = 0$.

[3 marks]

Question 2a

The volume of a sphere of radius r is given by the formula $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.

(a) Find $\frac{dV}{dr}$.

[1 mark]

Question 2b

(b) Find the rate of change of the volume with respect to the radius when $r = 5$.
Give your answer in terms of π .

[2 marks]

Question 2c

(c) Show that $\frac{dV}{dr}$ is an increasing function for all relevant values of r .

[3 marks]

Question 3a

A curve has the equation

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + \frac{31}{3}$$

Points A and B are the two points on the curve where the gradient is equal to 1, and the x -coordinate of A is less than zero.

(a) Find the coordinates of points A and B.

[3 marks]

Question 3b

(b) Find the equations of

- (i) the tangent to the curve at point A
- (ii) the normal to the curve at point B.

[5 marks]

Question 3c

Point C is the point of intersection of the two lines found in part (b).

(c) Find the coordinates of point C.

[2 marks]

Question 4

The gradient of the tangent to the curve with equation $f(x) = ax^2 + 2x + 9$ at the point $(-2, b)$ is 14.

Find the values of a and b .

[5 marks]

Question 5a

Patroclus, a would-be Olympic javelin thrower, throws a javelin during a training session. The height of the javelin's point can be modelled by the equation

$$h(t) = 1.75 + 20.2t - 4.90t^2$$

where t is the time, in seconds, that has passed since the javelin was released, and $h(t)$ is the height of the javelin above the ground, in metres.

(a) Find $h'(t)$.

[2 marks]

Question 5b

(b) (i) Find the stationary point for $h(t)$.

(ii) Justify that the stationary point is a maximum point.

[6 marks]

Question 5c

(c) Find the greatest vertical distance that the javelin's point travels above the height from which it was released.

[1 mark]

Question 6a

Check, Mate! is a company that produces luxury chess sets for discerning chess set connoisseurs. The company's profits $P(x)$, in thousands of UK pounds (£1000), can be modelled by the function

$$P(x) = 0.32x^3 - 12.4x^2 + 150x - 480$$

where x is the number of chess sets (in hundreds) sold per year. Because of manufacturing constraints, the maximum number of chess sets that the company can sell in a year is 2500.

- (a) (i) State why there is no need to consider values of x greater than 25.
- (ii) Sketch a graph of $P(x)$ for $0 \leq x \leq 25$.

[3 marks]

Question 6b

- (b) (i) Find the stationary points on the graph, and the numbers of chess sets sold and profits that correspond to those points.
- (ii) Find the maximum profit that the company can make in a year, and the number of chess sets the company must sell to make that profit.

[5 marks]

Question 6c

(c) Calculate

- (i) the average rate of change of $P(x)$ between $x = 5$ and $x = 6$
- (ii) the instantaneous rate of change of $P(x)$ at $x = 5$.

In each case include the units, and explain the meaning of the value you find.

[5 marks]

Question 6d

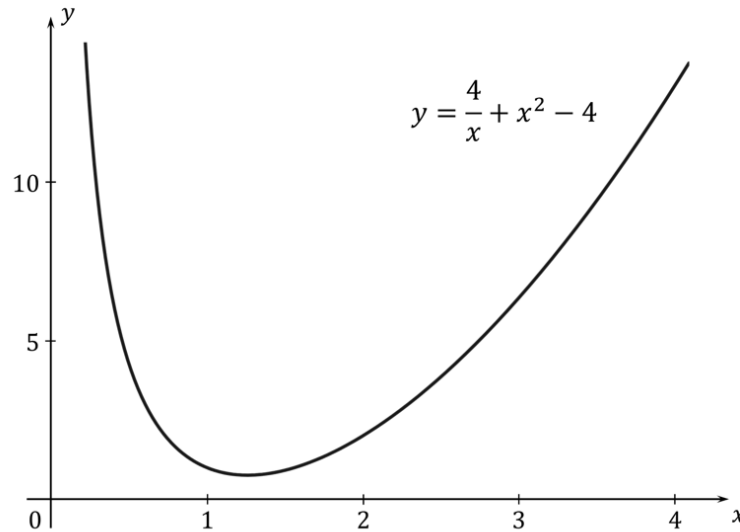
- (d) State the values of x for which the instantaneous rate of change of $P(x)$ is negative.
Explain the meaning of this result.

[3 marks]

Question 7a

The diagram below shows a part of the graph of the function $y = f(x)$, where

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{x} + x^2 - 4, \quad x > 0$$



(a) Calculate the instantaneous rate of change of $f(x)$ when $x = 2$.

[2 marks]

Question 7b

(b) Calculate the average rate of change of $f(x)$ between $x = 2$ and

- (i) $x = 3$
- (ii) $x = 2.5$
- (iii) $x = 2.25$

[4 marks]

Question 7c

(c) Explain what would happen if you continued to calculate the average rates of change in part (b), moving the second x value closer and closer to 2 each time.

[2 marks]

Question 8a

A manufacturing company is producing tins that must have a capacity of 470 cm^3 . The tins are in the shape of a cylinder with a height of h cm and a base radius of r cm.

(a) Show that the surface area of the cylinder in cm^2 , including the two circular ends, may be written as

$$A = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{940}{r}$$

[4 marks]

Question 8b

(b) Sketch the graph of $A = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{940}{r}$.

[2 marks]

Question 8c

The company would like to minimise the amount of metal used to make the tins.

- (c) (i) Find the stationary point on the graph of $A = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{940}{r}$, and justify that it is a minimum point.
- (ii) Hence find the minimum possible surface area for the tin, and the base radius that corresponds to that minimum area.

[5 marks]

Question 8d

A commercially available tin of chopped tomatoes on sale in the UK has a capacity of 470 cm^3 and a base radius of 3.7 cm.

(d) Determine the percentage difference between the surface area of that tin of chopped tomatoes and the minimum possible surface area for a tin with the same capacity.

[3 marks]

Question 9

Two numbers, x and y , are such that $x > y$ and the difference between the two numbers is 7.

Find the minimum possible value of the product xy , and the values of x and y that correspond to that minimum value.

[6 marks]



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