

2.5 Transformations of Graphs

Question Paper

Course	DPIB Maths
Section	2. Functions
Topic	2.5 Transformations of Graphs
Difficulty	Hard

Time allowed: 90
Score: /68
Percentage: /100

Question 1a

Let $f(x) = 2(x + 4)^3$ and $g(x) = x^3$, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) Give a full geometric description of the two individual transformations that can be combined to obtain the graph of f from the graph of g .

[2 marks]

Question 1b

The graph of f is translated by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ to give the graph of h .

Now consider the graph of h as a transformation of the graph of g . The point A on the graph of h corresponds to the point $(2, 8)$ on the graph of g .

- (b) Find the coordinates of A.

[4 marks]

Question 2a

Let f and g be functions such that $g(x) = 2f(x - 1) + 2$, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

The transformation that maps the graph of f onto the graph of g may be represented as a combination of two simpler transformations:

a vertical stretch by a factor of v ,

followed by

a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$.

(a) Write down the values of

(i) v

(ii) a

(iii) b .

[3 marks]

Question 2b

The point $A(3, 4)$ on the graph of f is mapped to point B on the graph of g .

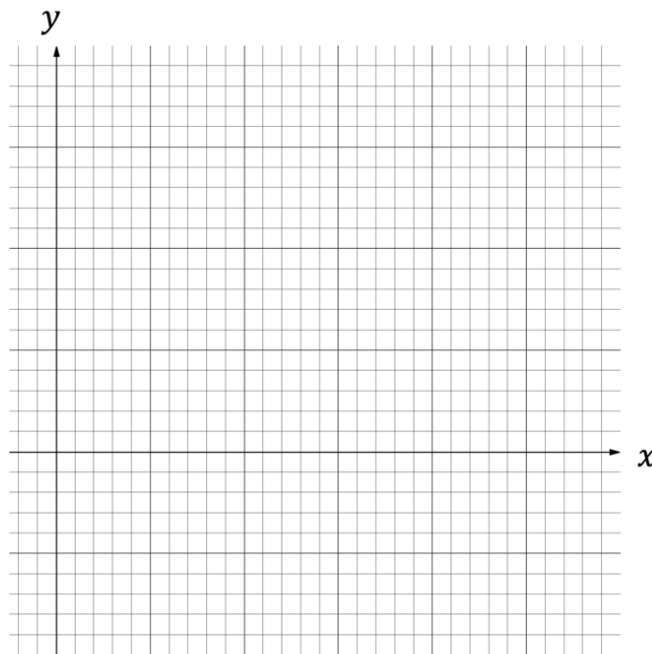
(b) Find the coordinates of B .

[3 marks]

Question 3a

Let $f(x) = x^2 - 9$, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$ on the following grid in the interval $0 \leq x \leq 5$. Use an appropriate scale and clearly label any intersections the graph makes with the coordinate axes.



[3 marks]

Question 3b

(b) Find $(f \circ f)(2)$.

[2 marks]

Question 3c

The function g is obtained when the graph of f is translated by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$.

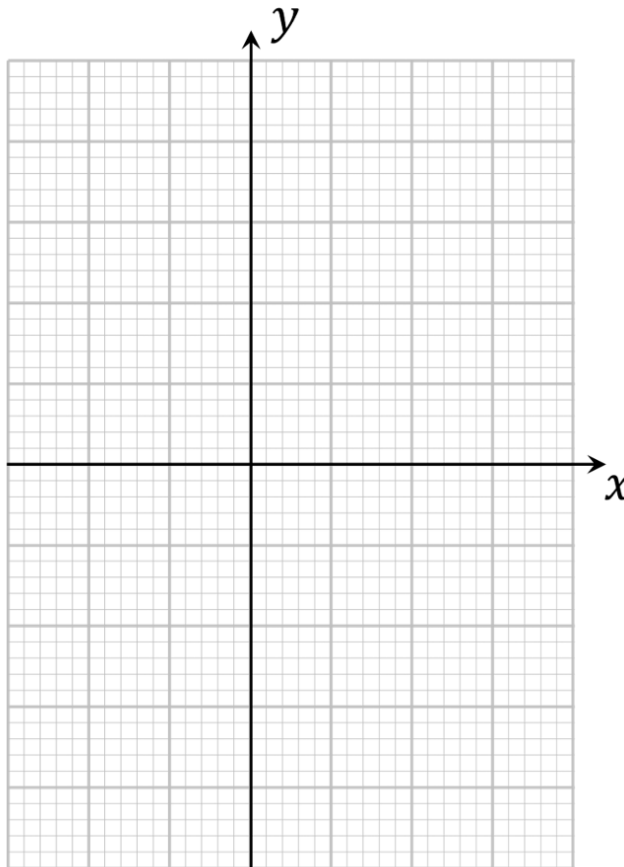
(c) Sketch the graph of $g(x)$ on the same grid above, also for the interval $0 \leq x \leq 5$.
Clearly label any intersections the graph makes with the coordinate axes and label the graph in the form $g(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ where a , b and c are constants to be determined.

[5 marks]

Question 4a

Let $f(x) = 1.1e^{x-1} - 4$, for $-2 \leq x \leq 3$.

- (a) Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$ on the grid below, clearly labelling any intersections the graph makes with the coordinate axes.



[4 marks]

Question 4b

The graph of f is reflected in the x -axis and then translated by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ to obtain the graph of $y = g(x)$.

(b) Find an expression for $g(x)$.

[2 marks]

Question 5

The function f is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 + 2x & \text{if } x \leq 2 \\ x^2 - 2x + 5 & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

The graph of the function g is obtained by applying the following transformations to the graph of f :

a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$,

followed by

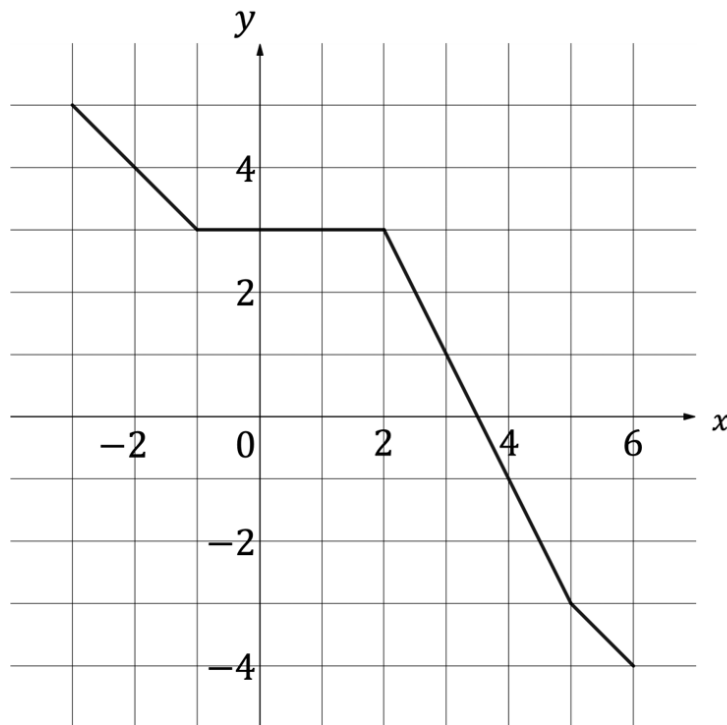
a reflection in the x -axis.

Find an expression for $g(x)$.

[4 marks]

Question 6a

The following diagram shows the graph of $y = f(x)$, $-3 \leq x \leq 6$.



(a) Write down the value of

(i) $f(-2)$

(ii) $f^{-1}(1)$.

[2 marks]

Question 6b

(b) Find the value of $(f \circ f)(0)$.

[1 mark]

Question 6c

(c) Given that $g(x) = f(x + 5) - 5$, find the domain and range of g .

[2 marks]

Question 7a

Let $v(t) = 4t^2 + 64$, where $t > 0$.

The graph of a function g is obtained when the graph of v is transformed by

a vertical stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{8}$,

followed by

a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$.

(a) Find $g(t)$, giving your answer in the form $at^2 + bt + c$.

[4 marks]

Question 7b

A particle moves along a straight line so that its velocity in ms^{-1} , at time t seconds, is given by $g(t)$.

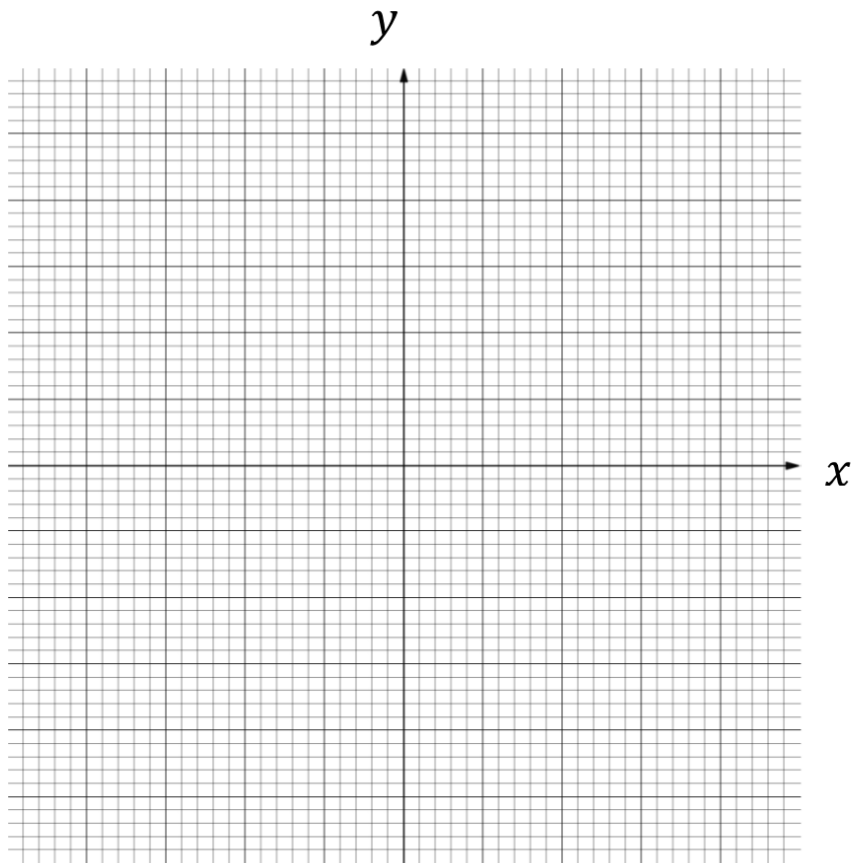
(b) Find the value of t when the particle's velocity is 11 ms^{-1} .

[2 marks]

Question 8a

Let $f(x) = 2x^2 - 6x$, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$ on the grid below, clearly labelling the vertex as well as any intersections the graph makes with the coordinate axes.



[4 marks]

Question 8b

The graph of a function g is obtained from the graph of f by a reflection in the y -axis, followed by a horizontal stretch with scale factor $\frac{1}{2}$.

(b) Find an expression for $g(x)$, giving your answer in the form $g(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$.

[5 marks]

Question 9a

Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + bx + 8$, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$, where $b \in \mathbb{Z}$.

Given that the equation $f(x) = 0$ has two equal roots, and that $b < 0$,

(a) find the value of b .

[3 marks]

Question 9b

(b) Find the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of f .

[2 marks]

Question 9c

The graph of a function g is obtained from the graph of f by a reflection in the y -axis, followed by a horizontal stretch with scale factor 2.

(c) Find an expression for $g(x)$ and state the coordinates of the y -intercept of the graph of g .

[3 marks]

Question 10a

Let $f(x) = 2x^2 - 12x + 10$

(a) For the graph of f , find

- (i) the x -intercepts
- (ii) the y -intercept
- (iii) the coordinates of the vertex.

[5 marks]

Question 10b

The graph of a function g is obtained from the graph of f by a reflection in the x -axis followed by a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$.

(b) Find $g(x)$, giving your answer in the form $g(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$.

[3 marks]

