

16.1 Rate Expression & Reaction Mechanism

Question Paper

Course	DP IB Chemistry	
Section	16. Chemical Kinetics (HL only)	
Topic	16.1 Rate Expression & Reaction Mechanism	
Difficulty	Medium	

Time allowed: 10

Score: /5

Percentage: /100

Question 1

Which of the following statements about the rate constant, k, are correct?

- I. High values of k are associated with fast reactions
- II. The rate constant is affected by temperature
- III. The units of k are independent of the orders of reaction
- A. I and II only
- B. I and III only
- C. II and III only
- D. I, II and III

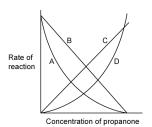
[1 mark]

Question 2

A student experimentally determined the rate expression for the reaction between iodine and propanone to be:

Rate =
$$k [H^+] [C_3 H_6 O]$$

Which graph is consistent with this information?



[1 mark]



Head to <u>savemy exams.co.uk</u> for more awe some resources

Question 3

The rate information below was obtained for the following reaction at a constant temperature:

$$C_2H_5Br(aq) + OH^-(aq) \rightarrow C_2H_5OH(aq) + Br^-(aq)$$

[C ₂ H ₅ Br]/mol dm ⁻³	[OH ⁻]/moldm ⁻³	Rate / mol dm ⁻³ s ⁻¹
3.0 x 10 ⁻³	2.0 x 10 ⁻²	4.0 x 10 ⁻⁴
6.0 x 10 ⁻³	2.0 x 10 ⁻²	8.0 x 10 ⁻⁴
6.0 x 10 ⁻³	4.0 x 10 ⁻²	1.6 x 10 ⁻³

What are the orders of reaction with respect to C_2H_5Br and $OH^-?$

- A. C_2H_5Br is first order and OH^- is first order
- B. C₂H₅Br is first order and OH⁻ is second order
- C. C₂H₅Br is second order and OH⁻is first order
- D. C₂H₅Br is second order and OH⁻ is second order

[1 mark]

Question 4

 $The \, mechanism \, for \, the \, following \, reaction \, between \, iodine \, and \, propanone \, is \, shown.$

$$CH_3COCH_3(aq) + I_2(aq) \rightarrow CH_3COCH_2I(aq) + HI(aq)$$

Step 1: $CH_3COCH_3 + H^+ \rightarrow CH_3COH^+CH_3$

Step 2: $CH_3COH^+CH_3 \rightarrow CH_3COHCH_2 + H^+$

Step 3: $CH_3COHCH_2 + I_2 \rightarrow CH_3COHCH_2I + I^-$

Step 4: CH₃COHCH₂I → CH₃COCH₂I + H⁺

Which classifications of CH₃COCH₃, H⁺ and CH₃COHCH₂ are correct?

	CH₃COCH₃	H+	CH₃COHCH₂
Α	Intermediate	Intermediate	Catalyst
В	Reactant	Intermediate	Product
С	Reactant	Catalyst	Intermediate
D	Reactant	Product	Intermediate

[1 mark]



Head to <u>savemy exams.co.uk</u> for more awe some resources

Question 5

The proposed mechanism for the following reaction where ethanal dimerises in dilute alkaline solution to form 3–hydroxybutanal is shown.

 $2CH_3CHO \rightarrow CH_3CH(OH)CH_2CHO$

Step 1: $CH_3CHO + :OH^- \rightarrow :CH_2CHO + H_2O$ slow step

Step 2: $CH_3CHO + :CH_2CHO \rightarrow CH_3CH(O:^-)CH_2CHO$ fast step

Step 3: $CH_3CH(O:^-)CH_2CHO + H_2O \rightarrow CH_3CH(OH)CH_2CHO + :OH^-$ fast step

Which of the following statements is **not** correct?

A. The rate expression is rate = $[CH_3CHO][OH^-]$

B. Step 1 is the rate-determining step

C. OH⁻ is a catalyst

D. Steps 2 and 3 have a lower activation energy than step 1

[1 mark]