

# 5.3 Integration

## Question Paper

Course	DPIB Maths
Section	5. Calculus
Topic	5.3 Integration
Difficulty	Medium

**Time allowed:** 60  
**Score:** /46  
**Percentage:** /100

**Question 1a**

(a) Show that

$$(3 - 2x)^2 = 9 - 12x + 4x^2$$

[2 marks]

**Question 1b**

(b) Hence, or otherwise, find the indefinite integral for the following:

$$\int (3 - 2x)^2 dx$$

[2 marks]

**Question 2**

Given

$$\int_k^5 (2x - 1) dx = 20$$

find the value of the positive constant  $k$ .

[4 marks]

**Question 3a**

A curve  $y = f(x)$  passes through point  $A(4, 2)$  and has a gradient of  $f'(x) = 5x - 2$ .

(a) Find the gradient of the curve at point A.

[2 marks]

**Question 3b**

(b) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at point A.  
Give your answer in the form  $y = mx + c$ .

[2 marks]

**Question 3c**

(c) Determine the equation of the curve  $y = f(x)$ .

[3 marks]

**Question 4a**

A point  $P(3, 8)$  lies on the curve  $y = f(x)$  that has a gradient of  $f'(x) = -2x^2 + 11$ .

(a) Find the gradient of the curve at point P.

[2 marks]

**Question 4b**

(b) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at point P.

Give your answer in the form  $y = mx + c$ .

[2 marks]

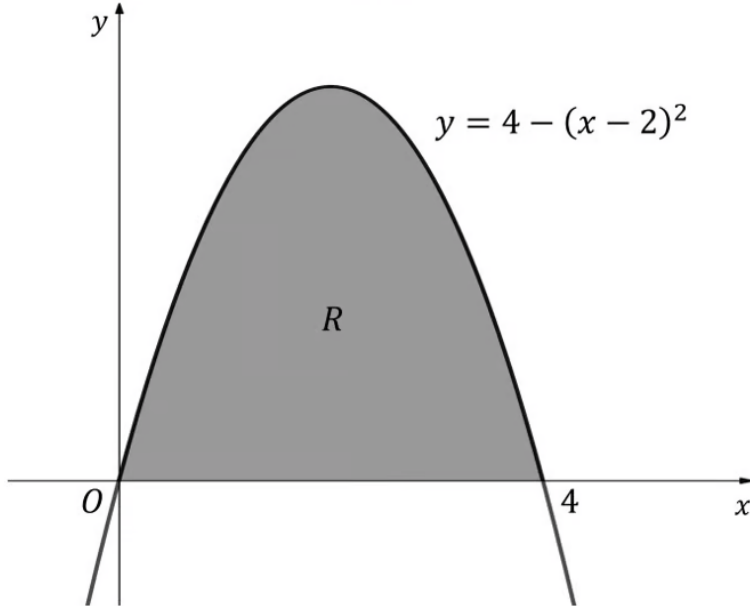
**Question 4c**

(c) Determine the equation of the curve  $y = f(x)$ .

[3 marks]

**Question 5a**

The diagram below shows part of the graph of  $y = 4 - (x - 2)^2$ .



(a) Write down the values of  $x$  where  $y = 0$ .

[1 mark]

**Question 5b**

(b) Show that

$$4 - (x - 2)^2 = 4x - x^2$$

[1 mark]

**Question 5c**

(c) Evaluate

$$\int_0^4 (4x - x^2) dx$$

[2 marks]

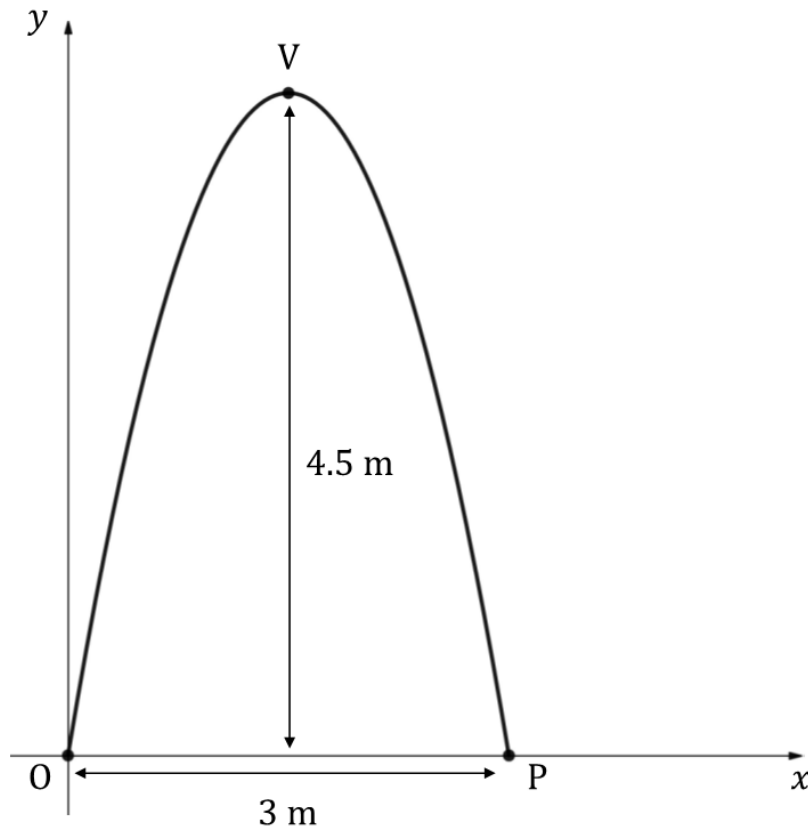
**Question 5d**

(d) Write down the area of the region labelled  $R$ .

[1 mark]

**Question 6a**

The following diagram shows an arch that is 4.5 m tall and 3 m wide. The arch crosses the  $x$ -axis at the origin,  $O$ , and at point  $P$ , and its vertex is at point  $V$ . The arch may be represented by a curve with an equation of the form  $y = x(ax + 6)$ , where all units are measured in metres.



(a) Find

- (i) the coordinates of  $P$
- (ii) the coordinates of  $V$
- (iii) the value of  $a$ .

[4 marks]

**Question 6b**

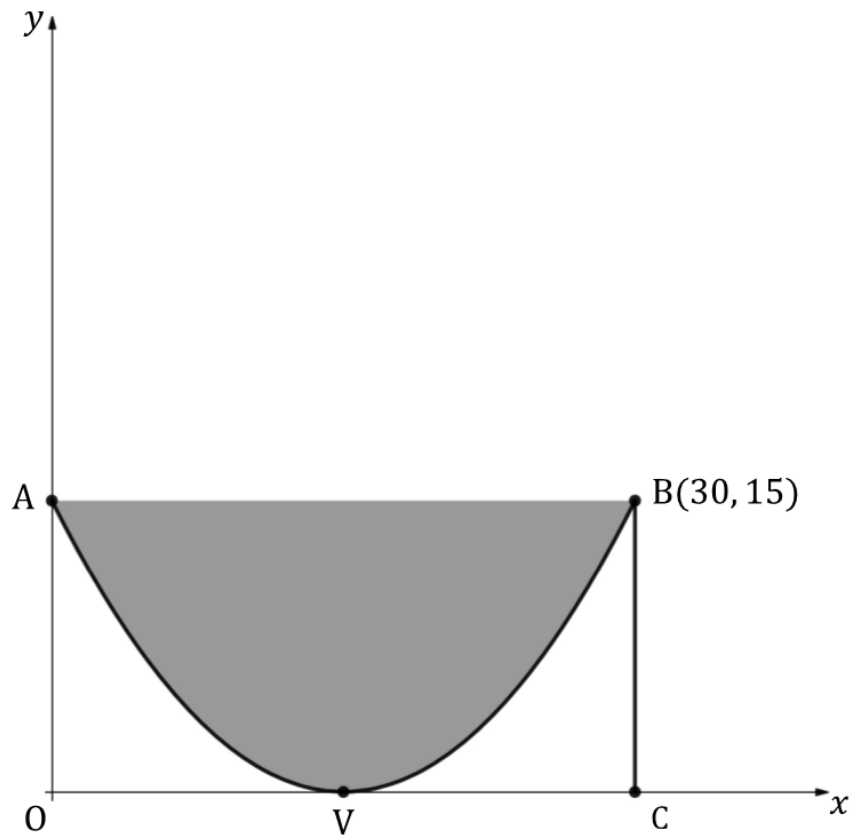
(b) Find the cross-sectional area under the arch.

[2 marks]



**Question 7a**

A trough has a cross-sectional area shown by the shaded region of the diagram below, where the  $x$  and  $y$  values are in centimetres. The curved bottom of the trough has an equation in the form  $y = r(x - 15)^2$ . Point  $O$  is the origin, and points  $O$ ,  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are the vertices of a rectangle. Point  $V$ , the deepest point of the trough, is situated on the  $x$ -axis.



(a) Determine the value of  $r$ .

[2 marks]

**Question 7b**

(b) Find the cross-sectional area of the trough.

[4 marks]

**Question 7c**

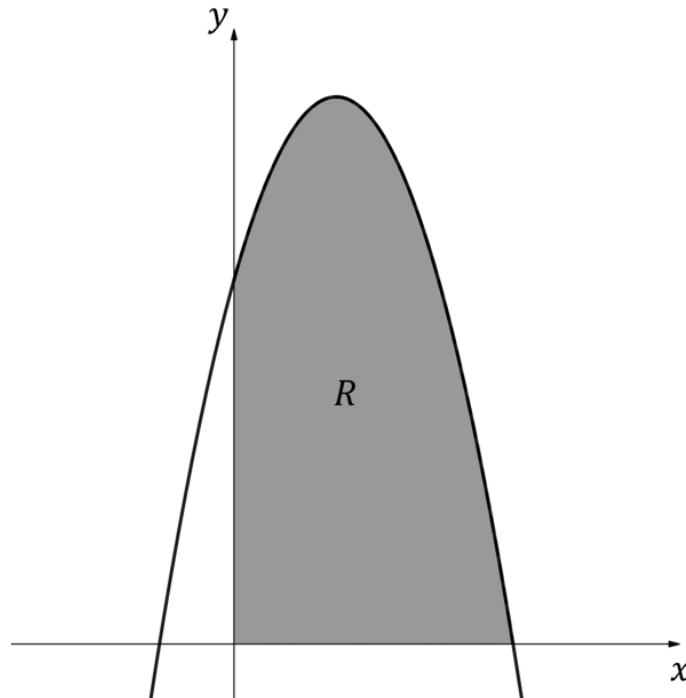
The length of the trough is 1.2 m.

(c) Find the volume of the trough. Give your answer in  $\text{cm}^3$ .

[2 marks]

**Question 8a**

The following diagram shows part of the graph of  $f(x) = (5 - 2x)(2 + 3x)$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . The shaded region  $R$  is bounded by the  $x$ -axis, the  $y$ -axis and the graph of  $f$ .



(a) Write down an integral for the area of region  $R$ .

[2 marks]

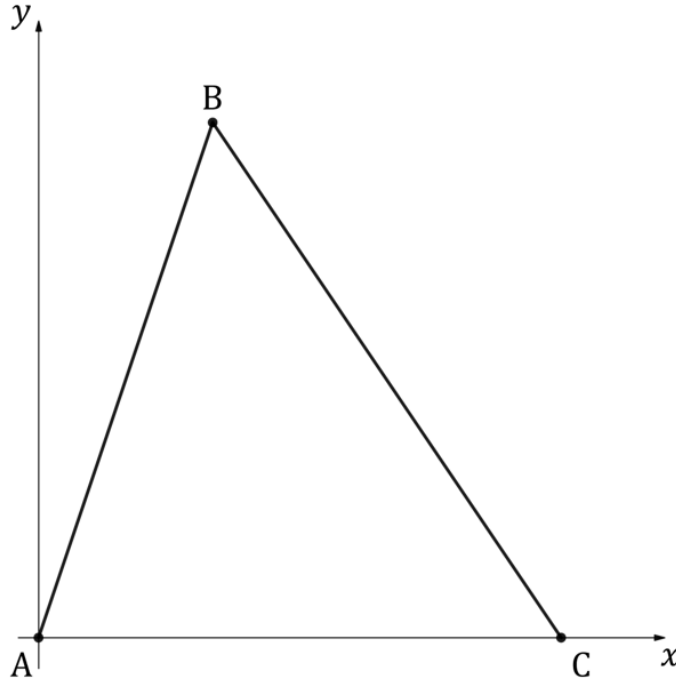
**Question 8b**

(b) Find the area of region  $R$ .

[1 mark]

**Question 8c**

The three points  $A(0, 0)$ ,  $B(4, h)$  and  $C(9, 0)$  define the vertices of a triangle.



(c) Find the value of  $h$ , the  $y$ -coordinate of  $B$ , given that the area of the triangle is equal to the area of region  $R$ .

[2 marks]