

4.2 Correlation & Regression

Question Paper

| Course | DP IB Maths |
|------------|------------------------------|
| Section | 4. Statistics & Probability |
| Торіс | 4.2 Correlation & Regression |
| Difficulty | Very Hard |

| Time allowed: | 80 |
|---------------|------|
| Score: | /60 |
| Percentage: | /100 |

Question la

What to Watch (WTW) and Bingeable are two organisations that review television series. Based on different sets of criteria, scores out of 5 are assigned to 6 recent television series (labelled A to F). The data is shown in the table below.

| TV series | А | В | С | D | Е | F |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| WTW'S score (x) | 4.6 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Bingeable's score (y) | 4.9 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 |

- (a) (i) Find the Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient, *r*, for this data.
 - (ii) Describe the correlation between the scoring made by the two different organisations.

[4 marks]

Question 1b

(b)Write down the equation of the regression line *x* on *y*.

[2 marks]



Question lc

(c) WTW gives a new series G a score of 4.7. Use the regression line *x* on *y* to predict the score that Bingeable awards the same series.

[2 marks]

Question 1d

(d)Comment on the reliability of your answer to part (c).

[2 marks]

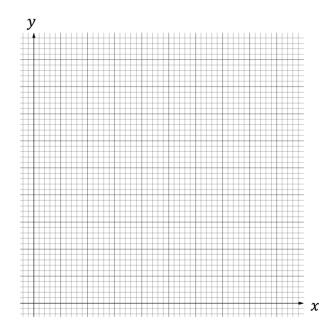


Question 2a

The table below shows the lengths, in km, of 5 taxi rides in Melbourne, Australia and the corresponding prices, in AUD.

| Length, in km (x) | 12.1 | 4.2 | 9.1 | 3.7 | 6.2 |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|
| Price, in AUD (y) | 26.75 | 5.75 | 8.50 | 5.50 | 6.95 |

(a) Draw a scatter diagram for the above data on the axes below.



[4 marks]

Question 2b

(b)Calculate

- (i) \bar{x} , the mean taxi ride length
- (ii) \bar{y} , the mean price
- (iii) Plot the point $M(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$ on your scatter diagram.

[3 marks]

Question 2c

- (c) (i) Write down the equation of the regression line y on x.
 - (ii) Draw the regression line *y* on *x* on your scatter diagram.

[3 marks]

Question 2d

(d)Show that the point $M(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$ lies on the regression line y on x.

Question 3a

A health study was conducted on 5 male and 5 female participants, measuring their average daily caffeine intake, in milligrams (mg), and their resting heart rate, in beats per minute (BPM). The following table shows the results of the study.

| Average daily caffeine intake, in mg – male (x_m) | 222 | 312 | 211 | 190 | 120 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Resting heart rate, in BPM – male (y_m) | 57 | 72 | 60 | 48 | 50 |
| Average daily caffeine intake, in mg – female (x_f) | 202 | 411 | 254 | 81 | 52 |
| Resting heart rate, in BPM – female (y_f) | 57 | 81 | 71 | 45 | 49 |

(a) Calculate the Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient for,

- (i) the male participants, r_m ,
- (ii) the female participants, r_f .

[4 marks]



Question 3b

(b) Write down the equation of the regression line

- (i) $y_m \text{ on } x_m$
- (ii) y_f on x_f .

[4 marks]

Question 3c

(c) Find the intersection of the two regression lines found in part (b) and interpret its meaning.

[3 marks]



Question 4a

The following table shows the distance, in km, to 5 different ferry destinations from Rostock, Germany and the corresponding price of the cruise, in \in .

| Destination | Copenhagen | Oslo | Stockholm | Helsinki | Riga |
|---------------------|------------|-------|-----------|----------|--------|
| Distance, in km (D) | 174 | 620 | 730 | 933 | 810 |
| Price, in $\in (P)$ | 30.50 | 65.00 | 45.75 | 85.50 | 125.00 |

The regression line *P* on *D* can be written in the form P = a + bD.

(a) Calculate the values of *a* and *b* and interpret their meanings

[3 marks]

Question 4b

The distance to Aberdeen from Rostock is 1093 km.

(b) Estimate the cost of the ferry to Aberdeen.

[2 marks]

Question 4c

(c) Comment on the reliability of your estimate found in part (b).

Question 5a

The following table shows the total revenue, R, in £, obtained weekly during the first 7 weeks of 2021 by Larry, an independent financial consultant, and the number of clients, *x*, served.

| Week | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Revenue, in £ (R) | 2452 | 5751 | 6429 | 1203 | 4587 | 9786 | 6911 |
| Clients, <i>x</i> | 7 | 11 | 14 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 9 |

(a) Write down the equation of the regression line R on *x*.

[2 marks]

Question 5b

Larry's weekly operating costs are £2250 and the cost of serving each client is £35.

(b) Find an expression for the profit Larry makes when serving *x* clients in a week.

[3 marks]

Question 5c

(c) Estimate the least number of clients required to generate a minimum of £1000 profit.

[3 marks]

Question 6a

Sandy Café is located on a beach and is open all year. The manager wants to see whether the daily average temperature, in °C, is correlated with the average tip they receive, as a percentage of the customer's total bill. He records this data over 9 days and details it in the table below.

| Daily average temperature, in °C (x) | 22.4 | 27.8 | 15.4 | 12.2 | 8.8 | 2.1 | 33.4 | 14.7 | 19.4 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|
| Average tip as a percentage of the total bill (y) | 20.1 | 16.3 | 12.4 | 12.8 | 10.1 | 9.4 | 18.8 | 13.1 | 15.9 |

(a) (i) Find the Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient, *r*, for this data.

(ii) Write down the equation of the regression line y on x.

[2 marks]

Question 6b

On the 10th day, the average temperature is 25 °C and a customer tips their waiter \$20.

(b)Use the regression line to estimate the customer's total bill. Give your answer to 2 decimal places.

[4 marks]

Question 6c

The customer's total bill was \$98.50.

(c) Calculate the tip as a percentage of the actual total bill. Give your answer to the nearest integer.

[2 marks]

Question 7a

The table below shows the petrol prices, in New Zealand dollars (NZD) per litre, for 6 different petrol stations (labelled A to F) along with their distance **south** of Auckland's city centre.

| Petrol station | A | В | С | D | E | F |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Distance south of Auckland, in km (x) | 122 | 314 | 456 | 231 | 178 | 392 |
| Petrol price, in NZD per litre (y) | 1.94 | 1.88 | 1.78 | 1.84 | 1.99 | 1.81 |

(a) Calculate the mean petrol price, \bar{y} .

[1 mark]

Question 7b

The equation of the regression line *y* on *x* can be written in the form y = a + bx.

- (b) (i) Calculate the value of *a*.
 - (ii) Calculate the value of *b*, giving your answer in the form $k \times 10^n$, where $1 \le |k| < 10, n \in \mathbb{Z}$.

[3 marks]

Question 7c

The distance between Auckland's city centre and a new petrol station, G, is 200 km and the bearing of G from Auckland's city centre is 166°.

(c) Estimate the petrol price at G.

[2 marks]