

# 6.2 The Blood System

# **Question Paper**

Course	DP IB Biology		
Section	6. Human Physiology		
Topic	6.2 The Blood System		
Difficulty	Hard		

Time allowed: 10

Score: /5

Percentage: /100



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# Question 1

Which was a feature of Galen's t	heory of blood	flow prior to his the	ory being supersed	led by that of William	Harvey?
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- A. Blood flows in a closed loop
- B. Blood is constantly re-used throughout a day
- C. The heart is a pump
- D. Blood flow is bidirectional

[1 mark]

# Question 2

A student studied the structure of a blood vessel and found:

- 1. An innermost layer of endothelial cells
- 2. A thick middle layer of smooth muscle and elastic tissue
- 3. An outer layer of collagen fibres

Which vessel was the student studying?

- A. Vein
- B. Capillary
- C. Venule
- D. Artery

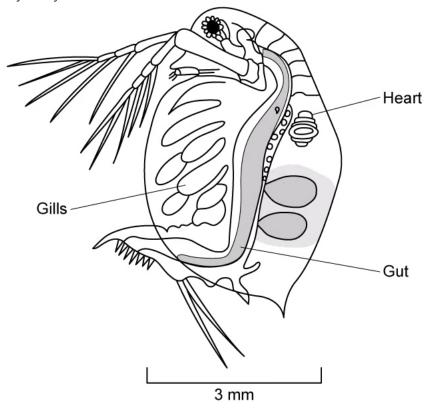
[1 mark]



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# Question 3

The aquatic crustacean the water flea (*Daphnia magna*, pictured below) has a heart that pumps blood-like liquid called hemolymph around its body cavity.



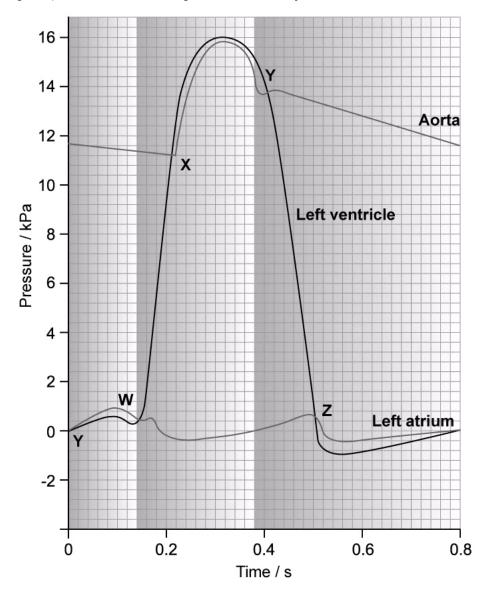
Which statement about Daphnia magna's circulatory system is correct?

- A. single closed
- B. single open
- C. double closed
- D. double open

[1 mark]

# Question 4

The graph shows changes in pressure at various stages of the cardiac cycle.



Which statement describes the events at point **Y** of the graph?

A. Ventricular systole

The ventricle contracts

 $\downarrow$ 

Pressure in the left ventricle goes higher than in the aorta

 $\downarrow$ 

Aortic valve opens and blood is forced into the aorta

B. Early diastole

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Left ventricle is empty

 $\downarrow$ 

Muscles in the walls of the left ventricle relax and pressure drops below the pressure in the aorta

 $\downarrow$ 

Aortic valve closes

C. Diastole

The relaxed left atrium fills with blood, causing the pressure in the atrium to exceed that in the empty ventricle

1

The AV valve opens

D. Late diastole

There is a short period of time during which the left ventricle expands due to relaxing muscles

1

This increases the internal volume of the left ventricle and decreases the ventricular pressure

 $\downarrow$ 

At the same time, blood is flowing slowly through the newly opened AV valve into the left ventricle, causing a brief decrease in pressure in the left atrium

 $\downarrow$ 

The pressure in both the atrium and ventricle then increases slowly as they continue to fill with blood

[1 mark]

#### Question 5

Which is **not** a feature of the sinoatrial node (SAN)?

- A. It acts as a natural pacemaker
- $B. \ It is formed from a group of highly specialised muscle cells \\$
- C. It occupies the area between the right atrium and the right ventricle
- D. It sends out a wave of electrical activity, causing contraction, across both atria and both ventricles

[1 mark]