

2.5 Reciprocal & Rational Functions

Question Paper

Course	DPIB Maths
Section	2. Functions
Topic	2.5 Reciprocal & Rational Functions
Difficulty	Hard

Time allowed: 100
Score: /77
Percentage: /100

Question 1a

$$\text{Let } f(x) = \frac{b}{x-a} + 2, \text{ for } x \neq a.$$

The line $x = -3$ is a vertical asymptote of the graph of f .

(a)

Write down the value of a .

[1 mark]

Question 1b

The graph of f passes through the point $A(4, -2)$.

(b)

Find the value of b .

[3 marks]

Question 1c

(c)

Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$.

[2 marks]

Question 2a

Consider $f(x) = \frac{ax + b}{cx + 1}$, where $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$.

$y = 4$ and $x = -1$ are the equations of the asymptotes of the graph of f . Point $P\left(5, \frac{9}{2}\right)$ lies on the graph.

(a)

Find the values of a , b and c .

[6 marks]

Question 2b

(b)

Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$.

[4 marks]

Question 3a

Let $f(x) = \frac{3}{x-a} + b$, for $x \neq a$.

The line $x = 2$ is a vertical asymptote of the graph of f .

(a)

Write down the value of a .**[1 mark]****Question 3b**The graph of f passes through the point $A(1,5)$.

(b)

Find the value of b .**[3 marks]****Question 3c**

(c)

Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$.

[2 marks]

Question 4a

Consider the function f defined by $f(x) = \frac{3x-7}{x^2-6x+5}$, for $x \neq 1, 5$.

(a)

Find the coordinates where the graph of f intersects the coordinate axes.

[2 marks]

Question 4b

(b)

(i)

Express $f(x)$ as partial fractions.

(ii)

Hence, write down the equation of the horizontal asymptote.

[3 marks]

Question 4c

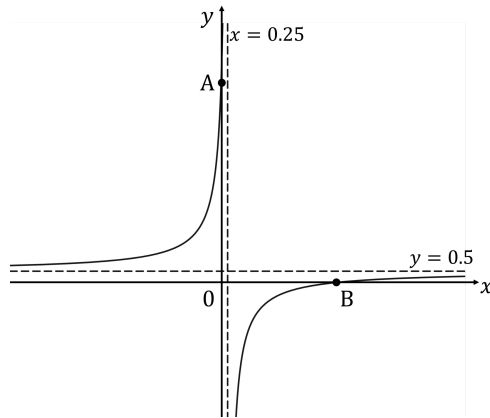
(c)

Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$.

[4 marks]

Question 5a

The graph of a function f is shown below. The equations of the asymptotes are $x = 0.25$ and $y = 0.5$. The graph crosses the coordinate axes at the points $A(0, m)$ and $B(5, 0)$.



(a)

Find an equation for $f(x)$ in the form $\frac{ax + b}{cx + d}$, where $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$.

[6 marks]

Question 5b

(b)

Write down the value of m .**[1 mark]****Question 6a**Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - x - 15}{x - 2}$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $x \neq 2$.

(a)

Find the coordinates where the graph of f crosses the

(i)

 x -axis,

(ii)

 y -axis.**[3 marks]****Question 6b**

(b)

Find the equation of the oblique asymptote of the graph of f , giving the answer in the form $y = ax + b$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$.**[4 marks]**

Question 6c

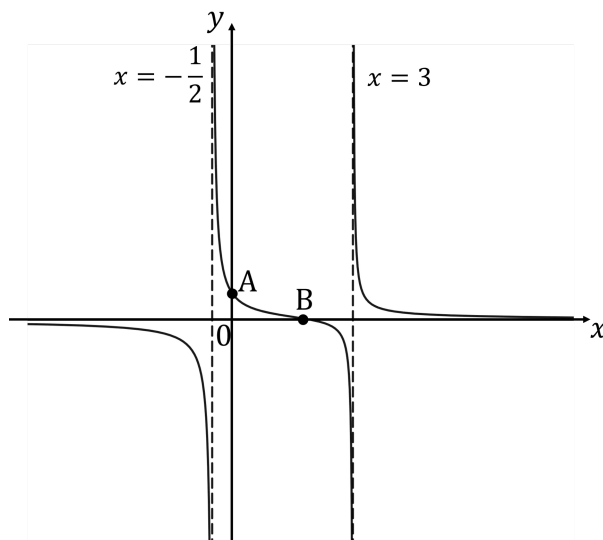
(c)

Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$. Clearly indicate the asymptotes and give coordinates of the points where the graph intersects the axes.

[4 marks]

Question 7

Consider the function f defined by $f(x) = \frac{ax + b}{2x^2 + cx + d}$, where $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$. The lines $x = -\frac{1}{2}$ and $x = 3$ are vertical asymptotes of the graph of f as shown below. The graph crosses through the points $A(0,4)$ and $B(2,0)$.

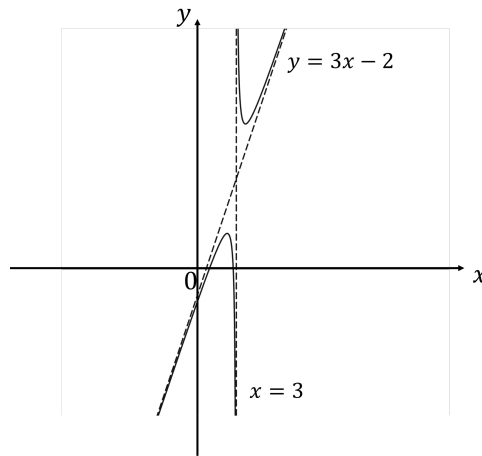


Find the values of a, b, c and d .

[6 marks]

Question 8a

The graph of a function f is shown below. The equations of the asymptotes are $x = 3$ and $y = 3x - 2$. The graph crosses the y -axis at $(0, -2.5)$.



The function can be written as $f(x) = ax + b + \frac{3}{cx + d}$, where $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$.

(a)

Find the values of a, b, c and d .

[2 marks]

Question 8b

(b)

Find the exact coordinates of the points where $y = f(x)$ crosses the x -axis.

[3 marks]

Question 8c

(c)

Given that $f(x) = k$ has no real solutions where $k \in \mathbb{R}$, find the set of possible values of k . Give the bounds correct to 2 decimal places.

[2 marks]

Question 9a

Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 18}{x^2 - 25}$, for $x \neq \pm 5$.

(a)

(i)

Show that $\frac{2x^2 - 18}{x^2 - 25} = 2 + \frac{16}{5(x-5)} - \frac{16}{5(x+5)}$.

(ii)

Hence, write down the value of $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$.

[4 marks]

Question 9b

(b)

(i)

Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$.

(ii)

Write down the range of f .**[4 marks]****Question 10a**Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 72}{x^2 - 9}$, for $x \neq \pm 3$.

(a)

Prove that f is an even function.**[2 marks]**

Question 10b

(b)

(i)

Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$.

(ii)

Write down the range of f .**[5 marks]**