

## 11.1 Spectroscopic Identification

## **Question Paper**

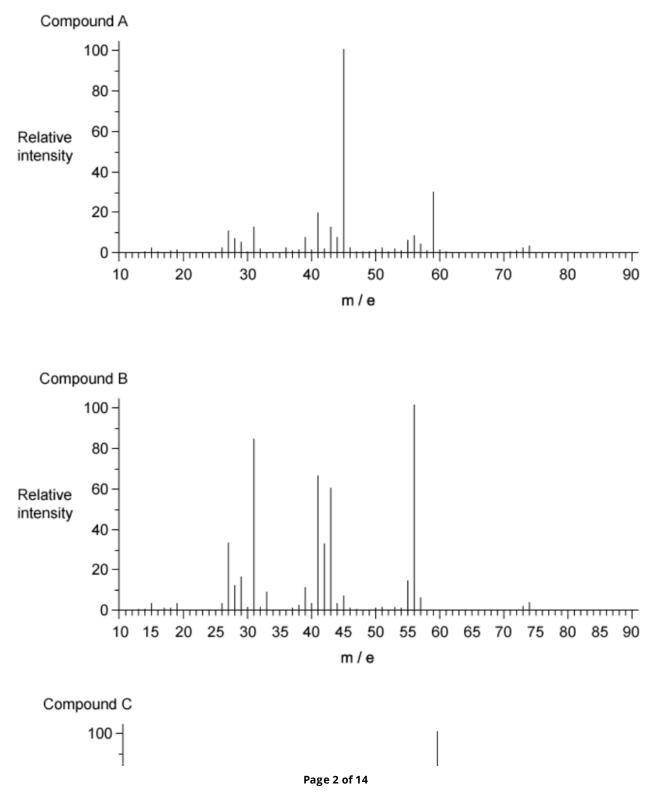
Course	DP IB Chemistry
Section	11. Measurements & Data Processes
Торіс	11.1 Spectroscopic Identification
Difficulty	Hard

Time allowed:	20
Score:	/10
Percentage:	/100

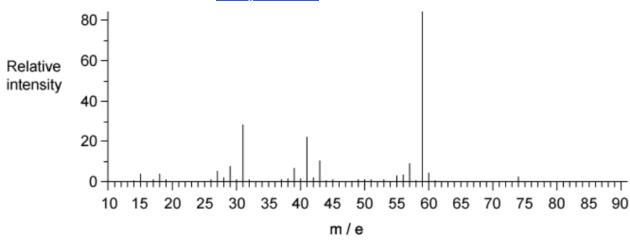
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## Question 1

The mass spectra of three compounds A, B and C are shown below.



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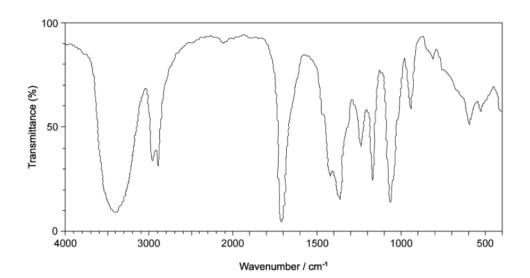
What evidence from the spectra of the three compounds A, B and C, suggests they could be isomers?

- A all show a molecular ion peak at 74
- **B** all show a molecular ion peak at 13
- C all show a molecular ion peak at 73
- D all show a molecular ion peak at 33

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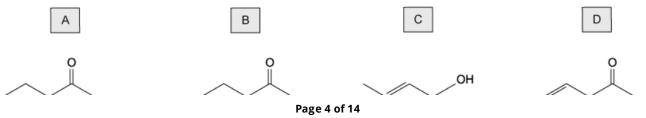
## Question 2

The infrared spectrum below shows an unknown compound.



bond	wavenumber range/ cm <sup>-1</sup>
C-O; hydroxyl, ester	1040 – 1300
C=C; aromatic compound, alkene	1500 - 1680
C <del>=</del> O amide carbonyl, carboxyl ester	1640 – 1690 1670 – 1740 1710 - 1750
C≡N; nitrile	2200 – 2250
C-H; alkane	2850 – 2950
N−H; amine, amide	3300 – 3500
O-H; carboxyl hydroxyl	2500 – 3000 3200 - 3600

Which compound could have produced the infrared spectrum?



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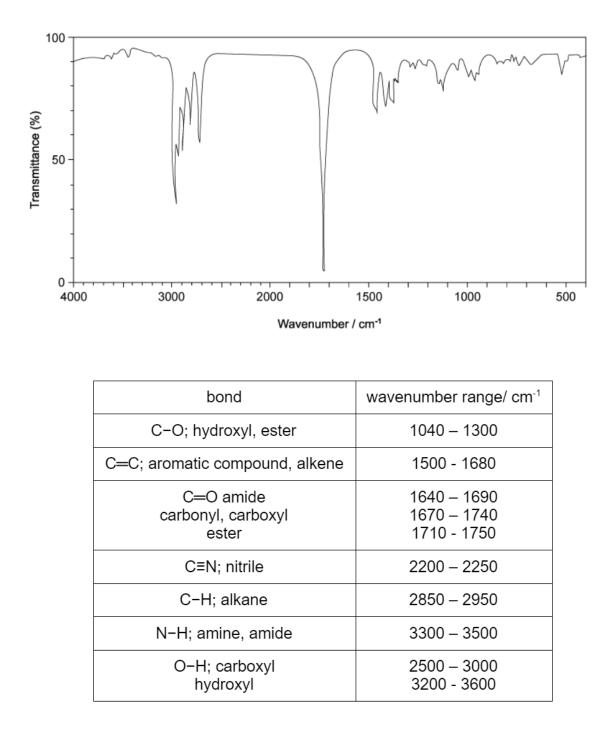
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## **Question 3**

The diagram shows an infrared spectrum of a compound.



Which compound would give this spectrum?

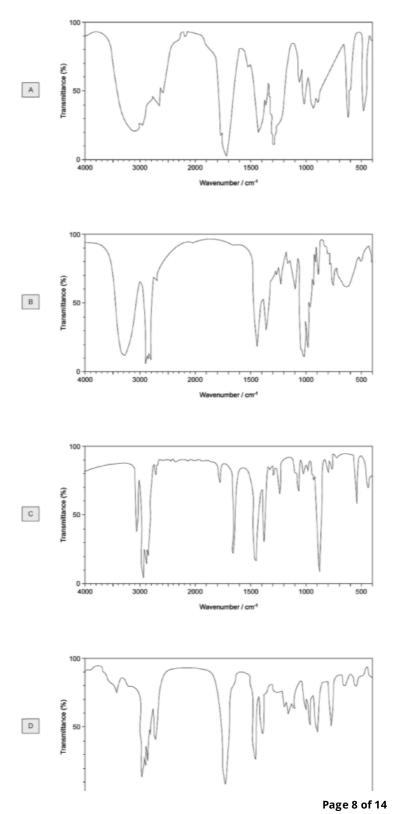
A butanoic acid

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- B butanal
- C butan-1-ol
- D 1-bromobutane

## **Question 4**

Which of the following infrared spectra could show a carboxylic acid?



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0 4000 3000 2000 1500 1000 500 Wavenumber / cm<sup>4</sup>

bond	wavenumber range/ cm <sup>-1</sup>
C-O; hydroxyl, ester	1040 – 1300
C=C; aromatic compound, alkene	1500 - 1680
C=O amide carbonyl, carboxyl ester	1640 – 1690 1670 – 1740 1710 - 1750
C≡N; nitrile	2200 – 2250
C-H; alkane	2850 – 2950
N-H; amine, amide	3300 – 3500
O-H; carboxyl hydroxyl	2500 – 3000 3200 - 3600

[1mark]

## Question 5

A periodic table is needed for this question

A compound  $XF_n$  is a fluoride of another halogen, X, and it is known that n > 1. The highest m/e peak in the mass spectrum of  $XF_n$  is assigned to the parent ion and comes as a single peak at m/e = 222.

Which of the following statements is incorrect?

**A** n = 5

- **B** the compound could contain bromine
- C there are no isotopes of X or F
- **D** the compound is a fluoride of iodine

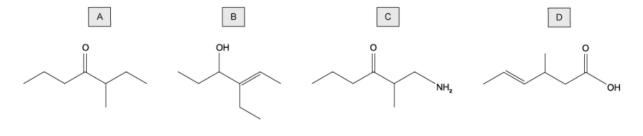
#### **Question 6**

An organic compound is analysed by mass spectrometry and infrared spectroscopy. The following data is obtained.

mass spectrometry	infrared spectroscopy
molecular ion peak at <i>m/e</i> = 128	sharp peak at 1720 cm <sup>-1</sup>
fragment ion peak at <i>m/e</i> = 15	no broad peak around 3200 cm <sup>-1</sup>

bond	wavenumber range/ cm <sup>-1</sup>
C−O; hydroxyl, ester	1040 – 1300
C=C; aromatic compound, alkene	1500 - 1680
C <del>=</del> O amide carbonyl, carboxyl ester	1640 – 1690 1670 – 1740 1710 - 1750
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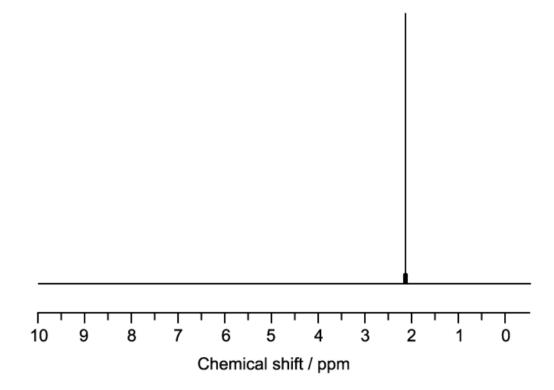
Which of the following compounds could be consistent with the data given?





Question 7

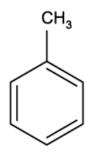
What does the 1H NMR spectrum below tell you about a molecule?



- A There is only one isotope of hydrogen present in the molecule
- **B** The molecule is a hydrocarbon
- **C** There is only one hydrogen atom in the molecule
- **D** There is only one hydrogen environment in the molecule

## **Question 8**

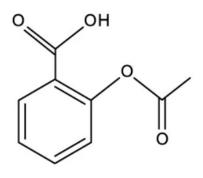
How many peaks would you expect to see in a <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of methylbenzene?



- **A** 3
- **B** 4
- **C** 5
- **D** 6

## **Question 9**

What is the index of hydrogen deficiency (IHD) for this molecule of aspirin?



Α	3
	-

- **B** 4
- **C** 5
- **D** 6

[1 mark]

## Question 10

Which molecule has an index of hydrogen deficiency (IHD) = 1?

- A. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
- B.  $C_2Br_2$
- $C. \ C_4H_9N$
- D. C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O



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