

4.8 Normal Distribution

Question Paper

Course	DP IB Maths
Section	4. Statistics & Probability
Topic	4.8 Normal Distribution
Difficulty	Medium

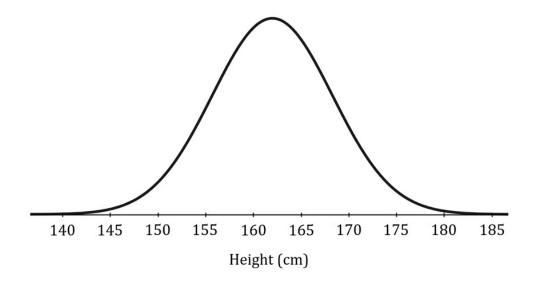
Time allowed: 50

Score: /38

Percentage: /100

Question la

The random variable, *X*, is seen on the following diagram which shows the distribution of heights, in cm, of adult women in the UK:



The distribution of heights follows a normal distribution, with a mean of 162 cm and a standard deviation of 6.3 cm.

(a) On the diagram above, shade in the region representing P(X > 155).

[2 marks]

Question 1b

- (b) (i) Find the probability that a randomly selected woman has a height of more than 155cm.
 - (ii) Use your answer from part (b)(i) to find the probability that a randomly selected woman has a height of more than 169cm.



[4 marks]

Question 1c

- (c) Suggest a range of heights within which the height of approximately
 - (i) 68%
 - (ii) 95%
 - (iii) 99.7%

of adult women in the UK will fall.

[3 marks]

Question 2a

- (a) For the random variable $X \sim N(23, 4^2)$ find the following probabilities:
 - (i) P(X < 20)
 - (ii) $P(X \ge 29)$
 - (iii) $P(20 \le X < 29)$

[3 marks]

Question 2b

- (b) For the random variable $Y \sim N(100, 225)$ find the following probabilities:
 - (i) $P(Y \le 90)$
 - (ii) P(Y > 140)
 - (iii) $P(85 \le Y \le 115)$

[3 marks]

Question 3a

The weight, W g, of a chocolate bar produced by a certain manufacturer is modelled as $W \sim N(200, 1.75^2)$.

- (a) Find:
 - (i) P(W < 195)
 - (ii) P(W > 203)

[2 marks]

Question 3b

Heledd buys a pack containing 12 of the chocolate bars. It may be assumed that the 12 bars in the pack represent a random sample.

(b) Find the probability that all of the bars in the pack have a weight of at least 195 g.

[2 marks]

Question 4a

The random variable $X \sim N(330, 10^2)$.

- (a) Find the value of *a*, to 2 decimal places, such that:
 - (i) P(X < a) = 0.25
 - (ii) P(X > a) = 0.25
 - (iii) $P(315 \le X \le a) = 0.5$

[4 marks]

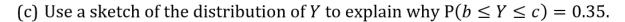
Question 4b

The random variable $Y \sim N(10, 10)$.

- (b) Find the value of b and the value of c, each to 2 decimal places, such that:
 - (i) P(Y < b) = 0.4
 - (ii) P(Y > c) = 0.25

[2 marks]

Question 4c



[2 marks]

Question 5a

The test scores, X, of a group of RAF recruits in an aptitude test are modelled as a normal distribution with $X \sim N(210, 27.8^2)$.

- (a) (i) Find the values of a and b such that P(X < a) = 0.25 and P(X > b) = 0.25.
 - (ii) Hence find the interquartile range of the scores.

[3 marks]

Question 5b

Those who score in the top 30% on the test move on to the next stage of training.

(b) One of the recruits, Amelia, achieves a score of 231. Determine whether Amelia will move on to the next stage of training.

[2 marks]

Question 6a

A machine is used to fill cans of a particular brand of soft drink. The volume, V ml, of soft drink in the cans is normally distributed with mean 330 ml and standard deviation σ ml.

It is known that approximately 16% of the cans contain more than 333.28 ml of soft drink.

(a) Using the properties of the normal distribution, explain why 3.28 ml would provide a good approximation for the value of σ .

[2 marks]

Question 6b

(b) Using $\sigma = 3.28 \text{ ml}$, find $P(320 \le V \le 340)$.

[1 mark]

Question 6c

Six cans of the soft drink are chosen at random.

(c) Again using $\sigma = 3.28$ ml, find the probability that all of the cans contain less than 329 ml of soft drink.

[3 marks]



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