

# 2.8 Inequalities

## Question Paper

Course	DPIB Maths
Section	2. Functions
Topic	2.8 Inequalities
Difficulty	Very Hard

**Time allowed:** 60  
**Score:** /47  
**Percentage:** /100

**Question 1**

Consider the functions defined by  $f(x) = x^2 - 6ax + b + 10$  and  $g(x) = ax + 2b + 3$ , where  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ . Given that  $f(x) \leq g(x)$  only for  $2 \leq x \leq 5$ , find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

**[4 marks]****Question 2a**

The function defined by  $f(x) = x^4 - 12x^3 + 46x^2 - 60x + 25$  can be factorised into the form  $f(x) = (x - a)^2(x - b)^2$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are positive integers such that  $a < b$ .

(a)

Find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .**[3 marks]**

**Question 2b**

(b)

Determine the set of values of that satisfy

(i)

$$f(x) \geq 0,$$

(ii)

$$f(-x) \geq 0,$$

(iii)

$$-f(x) < 0.$$

**[3 marks]****Question 2c**

(c)

Determine the smallest positive value  $k$  such that the solution to the inequality  $f(x) \leq k$  is a single interval.**[2 marks]****Question 3**The function  $f$  is such that

$$f(x) \geq 0 \text{ for } x \leq 3 \text{ and for } 4 \leq x \leq 5,$$

$$f(x) \leq 0 \text{ for } 3 \leq x \leq 4 \text{ and for } x \geq 5.$$

Find a polynomial, of the lowest degree possible, that satisfies the condition  $f(0) = 5$ .**[5 marks]**

**Question 4a**

(a)

Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  where

$$f(x) = \frac{(x+2)(x-4)(x-6)}{(x-1)(x-5)}$$

Label any intersections with the coordinate axes and state the equations of any vertical asymptotes.

**[3 marks]****Question 4b**

(b)

Find the values of  $x$  that satisfy

(i)

$$f(x) \geq 0.$$

(ii)

$$f(|x|) \geq 0.$$

**[5 marks]**

**Question 5**

The region  $R$  is defined by the three straight lines given by the inequalities

$$\begin{aligned}y &\geq 1, \\y &\leq 2x + 8, \\x + y &\leq 10.\end{aligned}$$

The function  $f$  is defined by  $f(x) = 2 + \frac{1}{x-1}$ . Find the largest domain of  $f$  such that the graph of  $f$  lies within the region  $R$ .  
Give answers as exact values where appropriate.

**[6 marks]**

**Question 6a**

(a)

Consider the graphs with equations

$$y = \frac{(x+4)(x-1)}{x-1} \text{ and } y = 6 - x.$$

Explain why the two graphs do **not** intersect.**[1 mark]****Question 6b**

(b)

Consider the graphs with equations

$$y = \frac{(x-6)(x-1)^2}{x-1} \text{ and } y = (8-x)(x-1).$$

(i)

Find the coordinates of any points of intersections between the two graphs.

(ii)

Hence, or otherwise, solve the inequality

$$\frac{(x-6)(x-1)^2}{x-1} \leq (8-x)(x-1).$$

**[3 marks]****Question 7a**

Consider the functions defined by  $f(x) = \sqrt{9-x^2}$ ,  $g(x) = 3 - \sqrt{9-x^2}$  and  $h(x) = \frac{x+3}{2}$ . All three functions have the domain  $-3 \leq x \leq 3$ .

(a)

On the same diagram, sketch the graphs of  $f$ ,  $g$  and  $h$ .**[3 marks]**

**Question 7b**

(b)

Find the set of values of  $x$  which satisfy the inequality  $f(x) > g(x) > h(x)$ .**[3 marks]****Question 8**Find the exact values for  $x$  such that

$$\frac{x}{(x+2)(x-3)} \geq x$$

**[6 marks]**



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