

3.7 Vector Properties

Question Paper

Course	DP IB Maths
Section	3. Geometry & Trigonometry
Торіс	3.7 Vector Properties
Difficulty	Hard

Time allowed:	100
Score:	/78
Percentage:	/100

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Question la

Given
$$|a| = 5$$
, $b = \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $a \cdot b = 16$, find the angle between a and b .

[3 marks]

Question lb

Consider a third vector \mathbf{c} , where |c| = 8.

b)

When the angle between a and c is $\frac{\pi}{4}$,

(i)

verify that $|a||c| < 2|a \cdot c|$,

(ii)

find the component of vector c acting in the direction of vector a.

[4 marks]

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Question 2a

The points A and B have position vectors a and b respectively.

$$|\boldsymbol{a}| = 9, \, \boldsymbol{a} \times \boldsymbol{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \, \boldsymbol{a} \cdot \boldsymbol{b} = 16$$

(a) Find the angle between **a** and **b**.

[4 marks]

Question 2b

The points \boldsymbol{A} and \boldsymbol{B} form a triangle with the origin $\boldsymbol{O}.$

(b) Find **|***b***|**.

[2 marks]

Question 3

ABCD is a parallelogram with vertices A(-2,5,3), B, C and D(3-1,t) where t > 0.

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \overrightarrow{DC} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\4\\1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Given that the area of the parallelogram is $\sqrt{1221}$ units, find the value of t.

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[6 marks]

Question 4

Two points A and B have position vectors $a = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $b = \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ respectively. A third point C is located such that $\overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

Given that the angle between the vectors \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{AC} is obtuse, find the range of possible values for λ .

[4 marks]

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Question 5a

Consider the parallel sides of a trapezium with vectors
$$u = \begin{pmatrix} t-4 \\ 3t \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $v = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ t \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$.

(a)

Given that $|\mathbf{u}| |\mathbf{v}| = 13$, and t > 0, find t.

[3 marks]

Question 5b

A third side of the trapezium, with vector $w = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ -2 \\ z \end{pmatrix}$, is perpendicular to both u and v.

[4 marks]

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Question 6a

The points A(-2,5,3), B, C and D form a parallelogram.

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 6\\2\\-1 \end{pmatrix}, \overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -4\\3\\4 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a)

Find the area of the parallelogram.

Question 6b

(b)

Show that the diagonals of the parallelogram are perpendicular to each another.

[3 marks]

[2 marks]

Question 6c

(c) $\label{eq:constraint} \mbox{Determine the nature of angle \widehat{CDA} .}$

[3 marks]

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Question 7a

ABCDEFGH is a cuboid as shown in the diagram below.

Point A is located at (5, -3, 4), $\overrightarrow{AB} = 2j - k$ and $\overrightarrow{BC} = 4i + j + 2k$.



The perpendicular distance between the faces ABCD and EFGH of the cuboid is $2\sqrt{105}$ units.

(a)

Find the coordinates of the point E(x, y, z), where $x, y, z \in \mathbb{Z}^+$.

[5 marks]

Question 7b

A triangle is formed inside the cuboid by connecting the vertices B, C and E, where $\widehat{BCE} = \theta$.

a) Using vector methods, find $\cos heta$.

[3 marks]



Question 8

The diagram below shows three forces acting on a particle.



Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant forces acting on the particle in the horizontal and vertical directions.

[5 marks]

Question 9a

Point A has position vector a = 3i + 2j - k and point B has position vector b = i - j + 4k relative to the origin O.

(a)

Find the area of the triangle $A \widehat{O} B$.

[3 marks]

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Question 9b

Point X is located a distance of 8 units from the origin in the direction perpendicular to the plane formed by AOB.

(b)

Find all possible vectors \overrightarrow{OX} .

[4 marks]

Question 9c

(c) Find the volume of the tetrahedron AOBX. Give your answer in the form $c\sqrt{d}$, where $c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$.

[2 marks]

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Question 10a

ABCDEFGH are vertices of a parallelepiped with the vectors \overrightarrow{AB} , \overrightarrow{AD} and \overrightarrow{AE} defined as p,q and r respectively. θ is the angle between \overrightarrow{AE} and the normal to the base ABCD. This information can be seen in the diagram below.



(a)
Find an expression for
(i)
the area of the base ABCD,
(ii)
the perpendicular height of the parallelepiped.

[2 marks]

Question 10b

(b) Hence, show that the volume of a parallelepiped is given by $|(p \times q) \cdot r|$ units³.

[2 marks]

Question 10c

(c)

Find the volume of a parallelepiped with vertices A(5,7,-3), B(6,10,-2), C(9,11,0) and E(4,5,4).

[6 marks]



Question 11a

A hot air balloon travels vertically upwards from the point O on the ground for 12 metres and then moves in a straight line with constant velocity described by the vector $v_1 = 2i - j + 3k \text{ ms}^{-1}$. At the same time a truck leaves a point O and moves along the ground below the hot air balloon at a velocity of 7 ms^{-1} along a bearing of 079°.

All distances are measured in metres and time in seconds. The base vectors i and j represent due east and due north respectively and the base vector k points upwards.

(a)
Write down
(i)
the speed at which the hot air balloon is travelling,
(ii)
the position vector of the hot air balloon five minutes after it changed direction,
(iii)
the velocity of the truck in base vector form.

[5 marks]



Question 11b

When it reaches a vertical height of 0.92 km the hot air balloon changes direction again and moves with constant velocity described by the vector $v_2 = 2i - j m s^{-1}$.

(b)

Find the component of the balloon's velocity in the direction of the road the truck had driven along.

[3 marks]