



**MATHEMATICS**  
**STANDARD LEVEL**  
**PAPER 2**

Friday 6 November 2009 (morning)

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidate session number

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all of Section A in the spaces provided.
- Section B: answer all of Section B on the answer sheets provided. Write your session number on each answer sheet, and attach them to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- At the end of the examination, indicate the number of sheets used in the appropriate box on your cover sheet.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers must be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. In particular, solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working, e.g. if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

**SECTION A**

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 6]

In an arithmetic sequence,  $S_{40} = 1900$  and  $u_{40} = 106$ . Find the value of  $u_1$  and of  $d$ .

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2. [Maximum mark: 6]

Let  $f(x) = \cos 2x$  and  $g(x) = \ln(3x - 5)$ .

(a) Find  $f'(x)$ . [2 marks]

(b) Find  $g'(x)$ . [2 marks]

(c) Let  $h(x) = f(x) \times g(x)$ . Find  $h'(x)$ . [2 marks]

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3. [Maximum mark: 6]

A multiple choice test consists of ten questions. Each question has five answers. Only one of the answers is correct. For each question, Jose randomly chooses one of the five answers.

- (a) Find the expected number of questions Jose answers correctly. [1 mark]
- (b) Find the probability that Jose answers exactly three questions correctly. [2 marks]
- (c) Find the probability that Jose answers more than three questions correctly. [3 marks]

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4. [Maximum mark: 6]

$$\text{Let } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 4 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

(a) Write down  $\mathbf{A}^{-1}$ . [2 marks]

(b) Let  $\mathbf{B}$  be a  $3 \times 3$  matrix. Given that  $\mathbf{AB} + \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 3 & 4 \\ -9 & 2 & 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 & -7 \\ 6 & 5 & -8 \\ 1 & 7 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$ , find  $\mathbf{B}$ . [4 marks]

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5. [Maximum mark: 7]

Consider the curve with equation  $f(x) = px^2 + qx$ , where  $p$  and  $q$  are constants. The point A(1, 3) lies on the curve. The tangent to the curve at A has gradient 8. Find the value of  $p$  and of  $q$ .

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6. [Maximum mark: 7]

Consider the independent events  $A$  and  $B$ . Given that  $P(B) = 2P(A)$ , and  $P(A \cup B) = 0.52$ , find  $P(B)$ .

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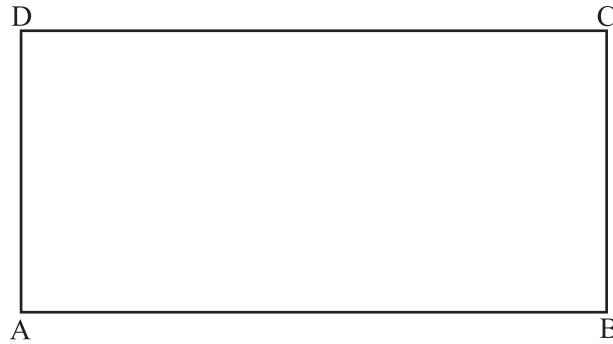
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7. [Maximum mark: 7]

A farmer wishes to create a rectangular enclosure, ABCD, of area  $525 \text{ m}^2$ , as shown below.



The fencing used for side AB costs \$11 per metre. The fencing for the other three sides costs \$3 per metre. The farmer creates an enclosure so that the cost is a minimum. Find this minimum cost.

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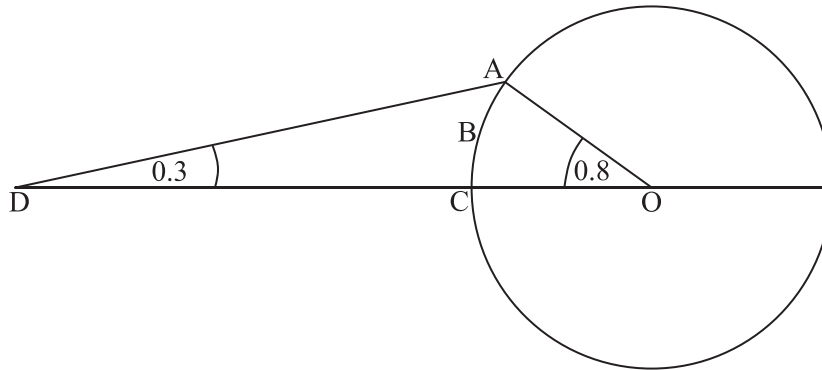
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**SECTION B**

Answer **all** the questions on the answer sheets provided. Please start each question on a new page.

8. [Maximum mark: 13]

The following diagram shows a circle with centre O and radius 4 cm.



*diagram not to scale*

The points A, B and C lie on the circle. The point D is outside the circle, on (OC). Angle ADC = 0.3 radians and angle AOC = 0.8 radians.

- (a) Find AD. [3 marks]
- (b) Find OD. [4 marks]
- (c) Find the area of sector OABC. [2 marks]
- (d) Find the area of region ABCD. [4 marks]



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9. [Maximum mark: 15]

Let  $f(x) = 5 \cos \frac{\pi}{4}x$  and  $g(x) = -0.5x^2 + 5x - 8$ , for  $0 \leq x \leq 9$ .

(a) On the same diagram, sketch the graphs of  $f$  and  $g$ . [3 marks]

(b) Consider the graph of  $f$ . Write down

(i) the  $x$ -intercept that lies between  $x = 0$  and  $x = 3$ ;

(ii) the period;

(iii) the amplitude. [4 marks]

(c) Consider the graph of  $g$ . Write down

(i) the two  $x$ -intercepts;

(ii) the equation of the axis of symmetry. [3 marks]

(d) Let  $R$  be the region enclosed by the graphs of  $f$  and  $g$ . Find the area of  $R$ . [5 marks]



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10. [Maximum mark: 17]

Consider the points P(2, -1, 5) and Q(3, -3, 8). Let  $L_1$  be the line through P and Q.

(a) Show that  $\vec{PQ} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ . [1 mark]

(b) The line  $L_1$  may be represented by  $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} + s \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ .

(i) What information does the vector  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$  give about  $L_1$ ?

(ii) Write down another vector representation for  $L_1$  using  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ . [3 marks]

The point T(-1, 5,  $p$ ) lies on  $L_1$ .

(c) Find the value of  $p$ . [3 marks]

The point T also lies on  $L_2$  with equation  $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ q \end{pmatrix}$ .

(d) Show that  $q = -3$ . [3 marks]

(e) Let  $\theta$  be the **obtuse** angle between  $L_1$  and  $L_2$ . Calculate the size of  $\theta$ . [7 marks]

