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HISTORY
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – AMERICAS

Wednesday 7 May 2008 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. Analyse the effects of colonial rule on Native American societies in **two** areas of the region.
2. To what extent were the ideas of the Enlightenment a cause of independence movements in **either** the United States **or** Latin America?
3. In what ways did the Declaration of Independence of 1776 justify the United States separation from Britain?
4. Using examples from at least one country, explain why the caudillos emerged in Latin America in the nineteenth century.
5. Analyse the internal and external factors that led to the establishment of the Canadian Confederation.
6. For what reasons, and with what impact, did abolitionism develop in the north of the United States?
7. Why was compromise no longer possible between the North and the South in the United States by 1860?
8. In what ways did the building of railroads stimulate economic activity in **one** country of the Americas in the second half of the nineteenth century?
9. Analyse the domestic and foreign policies of **one** leader in **one** country of the region between 1850 and 1919.
10. Assess the significance of Booker T Washington in the advancement of African-American rights.
11. Evaluate the influence of intellectuals on society in **one** country of the region during the period 1890 to 1919.
12. Define what the Monroe Doctrine was and analyse how it was applied in the late nineteenth century and early twentieth century. Support your answer with specific examples.
13. Compare and contrast the aims of Pancho Villa and Emiliano Zapata in the Mexican Revolution (1910–1923).

14. “The Great Depression changed governments’ views of their role and responsibility.” With reference to **two** countries of the region, to what extent do you agree with this statement?
15. Analyse the short-term and long-term effects of the First World War on the economic and political development of Canada.
16. For what reasons, and what with results, did Populist movements emerge in Latin America in the first half of the twentieth century? Support your answer with specific examples from **one** country of the region.
17. To what extent were attempts at “hemispheric cooperation” successful before and during the Second World War?
18. To what extent did **either** Canada **or one** Latin American country develop a foreign policy independent of the United States after 1945?
19. Compare and contrast the domestic policies of Jimmy Carter (1977–1981) and Ronald Reagan (1981–1989).
20. Analyse the successes and failures of the foreign policies of **either** Richard Nixon (1969–1974) **or** George H W Bush (1989–1993).
21. With reference to **two** United States presidencies between 1945 and 1969, assess the role of the US Federal Government in the achievement of African-American civil rights.
22. “Fidel Castro came to power in Cuba because of the weaknesses of Batista’s regime.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?
23. Compare and contrast the successes and failures of the domestic policies of **two** Canadian prime ministers from 1948 to 1979.
24. Why did the Native American movement emerge in **one** country of the region in the 1960s?
25. Analyse the aims and impact of the NAFTA agreements.