



HISTORY
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – SOUTH ASIA AND THE MIDDLE EAST (INCLUDING NORTH AFRICA)

Thursday 11 May 2006 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. Assess the contribution made by both Clive and Hastings to the foundation and development of British rule in India.
2. Compare and contrast the treatment of the princely states by the British before and after the Revolt of 1857.
3. How and why did European powers become involved in Egypt during the rule of Mohammed Ali?
4. For what reasons and with what results did the British occupy Egypt in 1882?
5. To what extent was the French conquest of Algeria by 1842 a consequence of ineffective opposition?
6. “Racial rather than religious tension caused the outbreak of civil war in Lebanon in 1860.” To what extent do you agree with this judgment?
7. Analyse the economic and social consequences of British rule in India between 1858-1914.
8. Account for the deposition of Abdul Hamid II in 1909.
9. Analyse the impact on Iran of European involvement during the second half of the nineteenth century.
10. Assess the significance of the Arab Revolt to the outcome of the First World War in the Middle East.
11. “Attatürk transformed Turkey into a modern, democratic state.” How far do you agree with this judgment?
12. Why was Algeria finally able to gain independence in 1962?
13. Assess the impact of Nasserism on Egypt and the Middle East.
14. “Immigration and land purchase were the main causes of tension between Jews and Arabs in Palestine in the inter-war years.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?

15. To what extent was the partition of India in 1947 a consequence of British policy?
 16. Compare and contrast social and political developments in **two** Arab states between 1945 and 1990.
 17. In what ways, and for what reasons, did Gaddafi establish an isolationist Islamic socialist régime in Libya?
 18. “The founder of a modern, democratic and non-aligned India.” To what extent do you agree with this judgment of Nehru’s rule between 1947 and 1964?
 19. To what extent did Pakistan overcome its domestic and foreign problems between 1947 and 1965?
 20. Why was the monarchy in Iran overthrown in 1979?
 21. How far do you agree that the presence of Palestinian refugees was the major factor in the outbreak of civil war in Lebanon in 1975?
 22. Compare and contrast the causes and consequences of the Arab-Israeli War 1948-9 and the Suez War 1956.
 23. Assess the impact of the Cold War on the region between 1945 and 1977.
 24. For what reasons, and with what consequences, did Saddam Hussein attack Kuwait in 1990?
 25. Analyse the social and economic effects of increasing oil revenues in any **two** states in the region.
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