



22055315

**HISTORY  
HIGHER LEVEL  
PAPER 3 – AFRICA**

Wednesday 11 May 2005 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. What factors facilitated the expansion of legitimate trade in West Africa in the nineteenth century?
2. Explain the survival of Ethiopian independence before 1900.
3. Why and with what results did the Nguni invade Tanzania in the nineteenth century?
4. What problems were faced by the rulers of Itsekiriland up to 1894 and how far did they overcome them?
5. Analyse and explain the changing fortunes of the Asante Empire in the first half of the nineteenth century.
6. Assess the impact of British rule in the Cape up to 1834.
7. For what reasons, and to what extent, did the Berlin West Africa Conference (1884–5) contribute to the increase in the growth of European activity in Africa?
8. Why and with what results did Mwanga resist British intervention in Buganda?
9. Compare and contrast the policies and achievements of Mzilikazi and Lobengula as rulers of the Ndebele.
10. “The policies of Cetshwayo led inevitably to the conquest and destruction of the Zulu kingdom.” How far do you agree with this assessment?
11. To what extent could it be said that the Boers lost the South Africa War (1899-1902) but won the peace?
12. Evaluate the social impact on Africa of Christian missions in the colonial period with particular reference to education, culture and health.
13. Why was independence in the Sudan followed by civil war and military intervention?

14. Compare and contrast the roles played by Nyerere in Tanganyika and Kenyatta in Kenya in the achievement of independence.
15. Analyse the problems which were faced by Nigeria in its progress to independence.
16. Why did nationalist movements in Central Africa fail to prevent federation and how did they later respond to it?
17. “A man of patience and fortitude.” How did Albert Luthuli demonstrate these qualities as a leader of the ANC in South Africa?
18. “Apartheid was a deliberate attempt to weaken African unity and destroy African nationalism.” For what reasons, and in what ways, were apartheid policies in South Africa designed to achieve these aims ?
19. Why was Tanzania more politically stable than Uganda in the twenty years following independence?
20. Analyse the successes and failures of Robert Mugabe’s leadership in Zimbabwe between 1980 and 1995.
21. “The most successful president in West Africa since independence.” How far do you agree with this assessment of Senghor of Senegal?
22. Compare and contrast the impact of the Cold War on **two** countries in Africa.
23. How important was United Nations involvement with Africa in the second half of the twentieth century?
24. In what ways, and to what extent, has the role of women in Africa changed since independence?
25. Assess the economic, social and political impact of urbanisation in Africa since independence.