



HISTORY
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – EUROPE

Thursday 17 May 2001 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. In what ways and for what reasons was the French Revolution, between 1789 and 1795, a period of constitutional and legal changes?
2. In 1810 Napoleon I wrote “My principle is France before everything.” To what extent did the career of Napoleon I from 1799 to 1815 follow this principle?
3. “The success of the Congress of Vienna has been much exaggerated.” How valid is this assessment of the short-term and long-term results of the Congress?
4. Compare and contrast the aims and policies of Louis XVIII and Charles X.
5. Why has it been claimed that Italian unification needed both a Cavour and a Garibaldi?
6. Analyse the successes and failures of **one** British Prime Minister between 1837 and 1901.
7. How far is it true to say that Austria lost control of Germany rather than Prussia gained it?
8. Evaluate the aims and results of Russian foreign policy between 1850 and 1900.
9. “Bismarck’s policies both at home and abroad, between the years 1871 and 1890, merely stored up problems for the future, both for Germany and Europe.” To what extent do you agree with this verdict?
10. In what ways did developments in transport and industry increase the prosperity of **one** European country in the nineteenth century?
11. What were the important trends of intellectual and cultural developments in Europe in the nineteenth century?
12. Analyse the successes and failures of Napoleon III’s domestic policies.
13. Examine the impact during the nineteenth century of (a) one Scandinavian country on Europe, **and** (b) Europe on one Scandinavian country.

14. Account for the weakness and decline of Austria-Hungary between 1867 and 1914.
 15. “Much of Lenin’s success was no doubt explained by his towering domination over his [Bolshevik] party.” To what extent does this explanation account for his rise to power and rule, 1917 to 1924?
 16. In what ways, and for what reasons, did the Treaty of Versailles cause political problems in the 1920s in Europe, for both the victorious and the defeated nations?
 17. What is meant by a search for collective security, why was it necessary and how successful were European countries in their search between 1919 and 1939?
 18. Evaluate Mussolini’s rule in Italy between 1922 and 1940.
 19. Assess the impact of political and constitutional developments in **either** Spain between 1930 and 1939, **or** Portugal between 1968 and 1976.
 20. Examine the effects of Nazi Germany on **either** one Scandinavian **or** on one east **or** central European country (excluding USSR and Germany).
 21. Account for the defeat of Germany and her allies in the Second World War.
 22. For what reasons, and with what results, was western Europe affected by the Cold War after 1945?
 23. Compare and contrast the policies of Khrushchev and Gorbachev.
 24. Analyse political and economic changes since 1953 in **either** one central **or** east European country (excluding USSR).
 25. Examine the impact on **one** European country of, **either** educational reforms **or** artistic movements.
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