

ENGLISH B – HIGHER LEVEL – PAPER 1
ANGLAIS B – NIVEAU SUPÉRIEUR – ÉPREUVE 1
INGLÉS B – NIVEL SUPERIOR – PRUEBA 1

Candidate number/Numéro du candidat
Número del alumno

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Thursday 13 November 2003 (morning)
Jeudi 13 novembre 2003 (matin)
Jueves 13 de noviembre de 2003 (mañana)

1 h 30 m

QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOKLET – INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your candidate number in the box above.
- Do not open this booklet until instructed to do so.
- This booklet contains all the Paper 1 questions (Text handling).
- Refer to the Text Booklet which accompanies this booklet.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- One mark is allocated per question unless otherwise indicated.

LIVRET DE QUESTIONS ET RÉPONSES – INSTRUCTIONS DESTINÉES AUX CANDIDATS

- Écrire votre numéro de candidat dans la case ci-dessus.
- Ne pas ouvrir ce livret avant d’y être autorisé.
- Ce livret contient toutes les questions de l’épreuve 1 (Lecture interactive).
- Se référer au livret de textes qui accompagne ce livret.
- Répondre à toutes les questions dans le livret de questions et réponses.
- Un point par question sauf indication contraire.

CUADERNO DE PREGUNTAS Y RESPUESTAS – INSTRUCCIONES PARA LOS ALUMNOS

- Escriba su número de alumno en la casilla de arriba.
- No abra este cuaderno hasta que se lo autoricen.
- Este cuaderno contiene todas las preguntas de la Prueba 1 (Manejo y comprensión de textos).
- Refiérase al cuaderno de textos que acompaña a este cuaderno.
- Conteste todas las preguntas en el cuaderno de preguntas y respuestas.
- Cada pregunta tiene un valor de un punto, a menos que se indique algo distinto.

TEXT A — BIGGER, FASTER, SCARIER

Read Text A and answer the following questions.

*Find the word **or** phrase in the first **two** paragraphs which is closest in meaning to the following.*

- 1. Surpassing all others
- 2. Together
- 3. Competitor
- 4. Large numbers
- 5. Designing
- 6. Temporary
- 7. Variety

*In paragraph 4 some words have been omitted. From the list below choose the word that best fills each of the gaps, numbered 8 to 11. Write your choices below. Each word should be used only once. **NOTE:** there are more words than you need.*

- | | | | |
|------|------|------|-------|
| DID | DONE | HAVE | WILL |
| DOES | HAD | WAS | WOULD |

- 8.
- 9.
- 10.
- 11.

TEXT B — TRAVELLING WITH A CLEAR CONSCIENCE

Read Text B and answer the following questions.

In Text B each paragraph has a subtitle. Match the given subtitles with the paragraphs and write the letters in the boxes provided. One of them has been done for you as an example. **NOTE:** there are more subtitles than you need.

Example: Paragraph 1 **B**

12. Paragraph 2

13. Paragraph 3

14. Paragraph 4

15. Paragraph 5

- A. Tour operators' resistance
- B. **Helpful, not harmful, holidays**
- C. People-friendly tourism
- D. Water shortages
- E. Sports facilities and the environment
- F. Hotels in Hawaii and Africa
- G. Money for environmental protection
- H. Tourism for the wealthy
- I. Worrying methods of transport
- J. Appearance and reality
- K. Steps to take

The statements below are either true or false. Tick [✓] the correct response, then **justify** it by quoting a relevant phrase from the text. The first one has been done for you.

TRUE **FALSE**

Example: *It is not difficult to find holidays that do not damage the environment.*

Justification: . . . *There are now many examples of holidays that respect the environment.* . . .

16. Taking photos of wild animals can help preserve the environment.

Justification:

17. Eco-friendly holidays tend to be more expensive than other types of holidays.

Justification:

TRUE **FALSE**

- 18. Protecting the environment is the most important consideration in eco-tourism.

Justification:

- 19. Tourists should stay in hotels owned by the people of the area.

Justification:

Answer the following questions about paragraph 1.

- 20. Which phrase suggests that eco-tourism makes people feel good?

.....

- 21. Which means of transport is eco-friendly?

.....

- 22. Which word suggests that tourists often move about in large numbers?

.....

Match each of the following expressions from the text with the phrase on the right which is closest in meaning. NOTE: there are more phrases than you need.

- 23. Isn't all it's cracked up to be
(paragraph 2)

- 24. Clean up its act
(paragraph 5)

- 25. Have missed the point
(paragraph 5)

- A. Isn't just for crazy people
- B. Remove all the litter
- C. Change its practices for the better
- D. Have lost the opportunity
- E. Is for people who can't afford expensive holidays
- F. Doesn't live up to its reputation
- G. Haven't understood
- H. Haven't got a sharp mind
- I. Show its attractive side

Answer the following question.

26. List **three** different examples from the text that highlight possible negative effects of tourism on local people. *[3 marks]*

(a)

(b)

(c)

27. Choose the most appropriate phrase which does **not** describe the author's purpose in writing this article. Write the letter in the box provided.

- A. To provide entertainment for the reader.
- B. To give information about eco-tourism.
- C. To state the ecological problems caused by tourism.
- D. To inspire the reader to make informed holiday choices.

TEXT C — INEXPERIENCE

Read Text C and answer the following questions.

28. Find the **two** words in the first paragraph (*lines 1 to 7*) that indicate that Tisha has a low opinion of her present surroundings. *[2 marks]*

(a)

(b)

29. Find **four** words or phrases in the first three paragraphs (*lines 1 to 12*) which indicate the tension felt by Tisha. *[4 marks]*

Example: *swung her foot to and fro*

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

Between lines 28 and 34 some words have been omitted. From the list below choose the word that best fills each of the gaps, numbered 30 to 34. Write your choices below. Each word should be used only once. NOTE: there are more words than you need.

- | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------|------|---------|------------|---------|
| ABOUT | EXTREMELY | INTO | TO | THROUGHOUT | WITH |
| DURING | FOR | SO | THROUGH | WHENEVER | WITHOUT |

30.

31.

32.

33.

34.

Answer the following questions.

35. Each of the words below refers to someone or something in the text. In the spaces provided indicate to whom or what each word refers. [5 marks]

Example: Him (line 17) the newcomer

- (a) It (line 20)
- (b) Them (line 34)
- (c) Them (line 35)
- (d) You (line 35)
- (e) They (line 41)

In the following questions choose the most appropriate answer and write the letter in the box provided.

36. Tisha spoke "with irritation" (line 25) because

- A. she thought the film was awful.
- B. she felt betrayed.
- C. he hadn't offered to buy her a drink.
- D. of the tone of his voice.

37. The phrase "the cold streets of early summer" (line 33) suggests that

- A. Tisha was not warmly dressed.
- B. Andrew had not paid Tisha any attention during the film.
- C. Andrew and Tisha's relationship had changed.
- D. Andrew and Tisha's relationship was in its early stages.

38. In this text Tisha is

- A. in command of the situation.
- B. arrogant.
- C. badly treated.
- D. easily angered.

39. The title "Inexperience" refers to

- A. how to dress for an occasion.
- B. relationships.
- C. recognizing a good film.
- D. making polite conversation.

TEXT D — CHILD USE OF TOBACCO ON INCREASE

Read Text D and answer the following questions.

The text has five paragraphs. From the list below choose the most suitable heading for each paragraph. Write the letter of the heading in the box provided. One has been done for you as an example. **NOTE:** there are more headings than you need.

Example: Paragraph 1

40. Paragraph 2

41. Paragraph 3

42. Paragraph 4

43. Paragraph 5

A. Recent decrease in child smoking

B. Boys smoke more than girls

C. Teenage drinking on the increase

D. Decrease predicted

E. Shameful record

F. Goals for reducing smoking

G. ***Drug-taking increasing again***

H. Girls smoke more than boys

I. Government bans tobacco advertising

Answer the following questions.

44. Why might the recent increases in underage smoking, drinking and drug-taking have come as a surprise?

.....

45. Which word in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to “common”?

.....

46. According to Clive Bates, what **two** actions should the government take that it has not fully taken so far? *[2 marks]*

(a)

(b)

47. Are teenage smokers **or** teenage drinkers more numerous?

.....

48. In which country are the problems of drinking, smoking and taking drugs more serious?

.....

49. Which of the following statements does **not** describe the government's reaction to the report?
Write the letter of the statement in the box provided.

- A. It was complacent.
- B. It agreed that its policy was not working.
- C. It said it would achieve its targets.
- D. It said its plans were proceeding successfully.