MARKING NOTES REMARQUES POUR LA NOTATION NOTAS PARA LA CORRECCIÓN

November / novembre / noviembre 2006

ENGLISH / ANGLAIS / INGLÉS A1

Higher Level Niveau Supérieur Nivel Superior

Paper / Épreuve / Prueba 1

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Provisional marking

During the early period of your marking your team leader (or principal examiner in the case of team leaders) will contact you to discuss the standard of marking and the interpretation of the marking notes. Before this discussion, it is necessary to have marked provisionally (in pencil) about ten scripts.

If your team leader has failed to make contact with you, please try to make contact with him or her yourself, by phone or e-mail. Owing to work commitments and differences between time zones it is often difficult for team leaders to make contact with all examiners in their teams.

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

Criteria A and B

The danger of rewarding or penalizing the use of illustrations/references/quotations twice in both these categories should be avoided.

Criterion B

The passages offer candidates a variety of possibilities for analysis and interpretation. The test of any interpretation is that it has to be tied carefully to the words, images and relevant details of the text. "Personal response," in the same way, must be tied to the passage.

In descriptor 2, there may be other conditions under which a "2" may be awarded, such as a limited use of evidence or a generally weak response. Substantiation of points may be made but it is very weak / superficial.

What is sought by "personal response" is an individual voice and engagement with how the text works. Engaged and individual commentaries will usually make themselves clear by the depth of insight into the text and the quality and interest of the details cited in support.

The first person singular does not automatically constitute a personal response and conversely an impersonal academic style does not necessarily indicate a lack of personal response.

Criterion C

"Awareness" and "appreciation" of literary features are the key elements under this criterion. The mere labelling, without appreciation, of literary features will not score the highest marks. On the other hand, the candidate who is attentive to literary features and deals with them in a meaningful way, but who does not consistently use the vocabulary of literary criticism, can still be awarded the higher achievement levels.

Reminder: the term "literary features" is broad and includes elements as basic as plot, character *etc.*, attention to which is valid and must be rewarded as appropriate.

Criterion D

Any form of structuring to the commentary will be rewarded if it is effective and appropriate. Different conventions are in operation and therefore all approaches (including the line by line analysis) are acceptable and will be judged on the basis of their effectiveness. Examiners should remember that structure does not exist by itself, but any structure must be measured by appropriate references to the passage or poem and by its capacity to integrate these towards the development of an organized and coherent commentary.

Reminder: In this criterion, supporting examples must be evaluated in terms of how fluently they are incorporated/integrated to shape/advance the argument, **not** in terms of their appropriateness or accuracy.

Criterion E

If you have reservations about awarding a four, you should ensure that these are well founded before awarding a three. The breadth of achievement in level three sometimes makes examiners reluctant to award four.

Use judgment when dealing with lapses in grammar, spelling and punctuation; therefore do not unduly penalize.

Mechanical accuracy is only a part of this criterion. Ensure that all the other elements are considered.

Examiners should be careful to avoid being prejudiced in their application of this criterion by achievement levels in other criteria. It is possible to score highly on this criterion even if candidates have scored in the lower levels on the other criteria, and vice versa.

These notes to examiners are intended only as guidelines to assist marking and as a supplement to the published external assessment criteria for written paper 1. They are not offered as an exhaustive and fixed set of responses or approaches to which all answers must rigidly adhere. Good ideas or angles not offered here should be acknowledged and rewarded as appropriate. Similarly, answers which do not include all the ideas or approaches suggested here may still be very good responses.

Of course, some of the points listed below will appear in weaker papers, but are unlikely to be developed.

The following elements are particularly relevant to criteria A, B and C

Question 1. (a) Prose

Satisfactory and good papers, three to four, on a spectrum of increasing precision and detail, may:

- offer a fair sense of the situation, e.g. writer's visit, Hippolyta's familial situation, the interaction of the three characters in the scene
- trace with some accuracy the speaker's intentions and his responses to the various elements of the situation
- observe the discontinuity of the narrative and its disjunctive elements and the effect on their presentation
- note some elements of prose style and their effects, *e.g.* the lists, the sentence structures, the metaphorical descriptions, the ironies and ambiguities.

Very good and excellent papers, four to five, on a spectrum of increasing sophistication and literary sensibility, **may also**:

- discuss the effects on the reader of the disparate elements of the incident and draw inferences about such issues as relationships of use, the inventive metaphors, the indirect conversations
- explore some of the ironies more fully, interpreting them within the larger sketch of the incident
- analyze the effect of word choices, and juxtapositions of such things as the relationship of the child to both adults, the phone conversations and the immediate conversations
- discuss the range of settings, from the larger, intercontinental backdrop to the positioning of the apartment and to its interior.

Question 1. (b) Poem

Satisfactory and good papers, three to four, on a spectrum of increasing precision and detail, may:

- identify the overarching metaphor of the journey and its relation to writing
- discuss comparisons and contrasts and their use to develop meaning
- trace the argument of the poem
- show some appreciation of the wit, the progression of images and the inventiveness and interaction of the metaphors.

Very good and excellent papers, four to five, on a spectrum of increasing sophistication and literary sensibility, **may also** discuss:

- the widening and narrowing of the analogies as well as their purpose and effect
- the relation of specific metaphors to aspects of writing
- the last image, of arrival, in greater detail
- the variable stanzaic form and its relation to the developing meaning.