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Information technology in a global society Higher level Paper 1

Friday 5 November 2021 (afternoon)

2 hours 15 minutes

Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Section A: answer two questions.
- Section B: answer one question.
- Each question is worth [20 marks].
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [60 marks].



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Section A

Answer two questions. Each question is worth [20 marks].

1. Accessing online media

Rajesh frequently travels for his job and has found that he is unable to watch his favorite films and TV channels when abroad (see **Figure 1**). He has been informed that he can subscribe to an internet protocol television (IPTV) service or use a virtual private network (VPN) to stream or download this content.

Figure 1: An example of blocked content



Identify two hardware devices that Rajesh could use to view his internet protocol (a) (i) television (IPTV) channels. [2] (ii) Identify **two** characteristics of an IP address. [2] (iii) Rajesh is downloading a film for offline viewing. The download speed is 80 mbps. Calculate the amount of data, in megabytes (MB), that will be downloaded in 10 minutes. [2] Explain why Rajesh downloaded the films rather than streaming them when he (b) (i) was travelling. [4] Rajesh has been told that subscribing to an internet protocol television (IPTV) (ii) service may compromise his anonymity. Distinguish between anonymity and privacy. [2] To what extent is it acceptable for Rajesh to use services like a virtual private network (c) (VPN) to access content that may be blocked in the country he is visiting? [8] **-4-** 8821-5511

[2]

[1]

[2]

2. Singapore shipping

SingShip is a cargo shipping company based in Singapore. It transports goods between ports in Southeast Asia. The company is planning to expand its services to 10 more destinations.

In *SingShip's* head office, staff use a range of software, such as word processing, databases and spreadsheets (see **Figure 2**).

Figure 2: Excerpt from a spreadsheet used by SingShip

	Α	В	С	D
1	Shipment_ID	Shipment_Date	Containers_Used	Destination
2	SS-567	12-Sep-20	232	Singapore
3	SS-568	15-Oct-20	223	Klang
4	SS-569	18-Oct-20	546	Tanjung Pelepas
5	SS-570	15-Nov-20	345	Chennai
6	SS-571	22-Dec-20	656	Laem Chabang
7	SS-572	12-Jan-21	234	Ho Chi Minh City
8	SS-573	18-Jan-21	235	Singapore
9	SS-574	21-Feb-21	633	Singapore
10	SS-575	11-Mar-21	435	Tanjung Priok
11	SS-576	18-Mar-21	347	Ho Chi Minh City
12	SS-577	21-Apr-21	235	Ho Chi Minh City
13	SS-578	28-Apr-21	545	Klang
14	SS-579	18-May-21	447	Tanjung Pelepas
15	SS-580	21-May-21	564	Mumbai

(a)	(i)	Identify two reasons why a spreadsheet would be used to store the information in Figure 2 .

(ii) State the formula to calculate the total number of containers used in Column C.

(iii) State the data type for the column headed **Shipment_Date** (column B). [1]

(iv) Outline **one** reason why *SingShip* would use mail merge when producing letters for customers to advise them about their shipments.

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(Question 2 continued)

(b)	(i)	Distinguish between data validation and data verification.	[2]
	The product development life cycle (PDLC) was used to develop the database for SingShip.		
	(ii)	Explain one advantage for <i>SingShip</i> of using a development methodology, such as the product development life cycle (PDLC).	[2]
	(iii)	Explain one disadvantage for <i>SingShip</i> of using a development methodology, such as the product development life cycle (PDLC).	[2]
(c)	the o	head of IT at <i>SingShip</i> has recommended that all the information stored by company in various spreadsheets should be integrated into a single ional database.	
	Eval	uate this decision.	[8]

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3. Smart farming

A government in East Africa is using the expertise of scientists at a university in the region to promote the culture of smart farming and increase the productivity of farmers (see **Figure 3**).



Figure 3: An example of farming in East Africa

The new smart farming system uses a mobile app¹ that connects to a data logger² using Bluetooth technology (see **Figure 4**).



Figure 4: Example of a data logger

The data collected by the app is sent to the university by lossless compression.

¹ apps: small specialized programs run on mobile devices, the internet, a computer or other electronic device

² data logger: a device that records data over time

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(Question 3 continued)

(a)	(i)	Identify two zip file formats.	[2
	(ii)	Identify two characteristics of Bluetooth.	[2]
	(iii)	Identify two types of data collected by the sensors in the data logger.	[2]
(b)	(i)	Explain one advantage of using lossless compression to send the data to the university.	[2]
	(ii)	Explain one disadvantage of using lossless compression to send the data to the university.	[2]
	(iii)	Explain why protocols are used when data is sent from one computer to another.	[2]
(c)	who • N	scientists who developed the app have received many complaints from farmers have been unable to use it. They are considering two options: laking the existing system more user friendly. ducating the farmers to use the existing system.	
	Fval	uate these two ontions	IS.

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Section B

Answer one question. Each question is worth [20 marks].

4. Smart warehouse

Greenwood Industries' current warehouse uses a smart storage solution.

The smart warehouse uses robots that automate the picking process. An expert system enables the robots to use the most efficient route for picking products (see **Figure 5**).

Figure 5: The *Greenwood Industries* smart storage solution



In the future, the system could use fuzzy logic to determine the most appropriate container to use for shipping based on the type, number, size and weight of the product.

- (a) (i) Identify **two** characteristics of a robot. [2]
 - (ii) Identify **two** input devices the warehouse robots might have. [2]
 - (iii) Identify **two** characteristics of fuzzy logic. [2]
- (b) *Greenwood Industries* is considering using either a direct changeover method or a phased changeover method for the introduction of the next smart system.
 - Analyse these options. [6]
- (c) Greenwood Industries is considering introducing artificial intelligence (AI) in the warehouse, rather than using the existing expert system, to select the most appropriate route for picking products.
 - Discuss the implications of introducing an AI system to select the most appropriate route for picking products.

[8]

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5. Airport expert systems

The managers at Kamchatka Airport have introduced expert systems to improve the efficiency of their airport. The expert system uses a decision tree* to assign gates to arriving and departing flights. This information is displayed on a flight information screen (see **Figure 6**).

Figure 6: Flight information screen at Kamchatka Airport showing airplane gates

DEPARTURE			CHECK-IN INFO		GATE INFO	
TIME	FLIGHT	то	ROW	STATUS	GATE	REMARK
16:10	IB2346	London	F		C14	
16:10	IB0265	Singapore	Н		G8	
16:10	IB5804	Los Angeles	Н			
16:15	IB8931	Manila	G		C13	
16:20	IB4581	Jakarta	J		C26	
16:30	IB7302	Beijing	В			

The assigning of airport gates needs to be completed within a short time frame, as aircraft are constantly taking off and landing. Artificial intelligence (AI) technology in the form of either neural networks or machine learning could also be used to solve this scheduling problem.

- (a) (i) Identify **two** user requirements for the flight information screens. [2]
 - (ii) Identify **two** features of the expert system's user interface that make it easy to use. [2]
 - (iii) Outline the relationship between the knowledge base and the inference engine in an expert system. [2]

^{*} decision tree: a tool that enables the expert system to decide between possible options

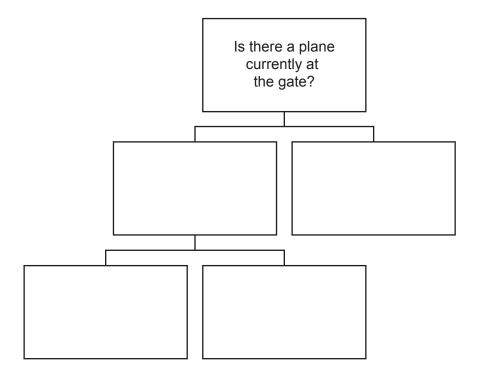
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(Question 5 continued)

- (b) (i) Assigning a gate for each airplane requires consideration of the following factors:
 - Is there an airplane currently at the gate?
 - Can the gate accommodate the size of the airplane?
 - Is there a ground crew available to manage the arrival of the plane?

Using the information above, copy and construct a decision tree that can be used as part of an expert system to determine if a gate is available for an incoming airplane.





- (ii) Distinguish between machine learning and neural networks. [4]
- (c) Discuss the advantages **and** disadvantages of using expert systems to select or change the gates assigned to flights. [8]

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6. Artificial intelligence (AI) predicts earthquakes

Scientists at universities are developing a machine-learning system to detect the warning signs that an earthquake is likely to occur. Using pattern-recognition algorithms similar to those in image and speech recognition, the system would be able to predict earthquakes a few days before they occur. Using machine learning, researchers will be able to run earthquake analysis 500 times faster than they could previously.

It is also possible to use machine learning to predict where the aftershocks* of an earthquake may occur (see **Figure 7**).

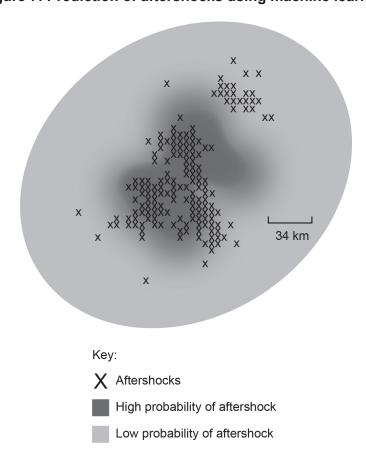


Figure 7: Prediction of aftershocks using machine learning

^{*} aftershock: a smaller earthquake that follows a large earthquake

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(Question 6 continued)

(a)	(i)	Identify two characteristics of pattern recognition.	[2]
	(ii)	Outline one reason why it might be difficult to collect accurate data that can be used for predicting earthquakes.	[2]
	(iii)	Identify two characteristics of an algorithm.	[2]
(b)		scientists can choose to use either a PERT chart or a Gantt chart as a project agement tool to develop the artificial intelligence (AI) system to predict aftershocks.	
	Anal	yse these two options.	[6]
(c)		uss the advantages and disadvantages of using machine learning to predict ral disasters like earthquakes.	[8]

References:
Figure 3. Palmer, N., 2010. A farmer at work in Kenya's Mount Kenya region [image] [online] Available at: https://commons.
wikimedia.org/wiki/File:2DU_Kenya_86_(5367322642).jpg (CC BY-SA 2.0) https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/2.0/deed.en [Accessed 18 May 2020].
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